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1657 - 1729

Compiled by:

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Wenonah, New Jersey

February 1, 1958

New Jersey State Society
Daughters of the Founders and Patriots
of America

Mrs. George R. Morrison, President

Mrs. Walter A. Simpson, Chairman Genealogical Records

1959

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Woodward, Wm.
Anthony Wood [illegible], 1654-1720

Dallas Library

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ANTHONY WOODWARD 1657- 1729
Burlington & Monmouth County
New Jersey
and his descendants

Patriot and Tory



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DAUGHTERS
OF
FOUNDERS
AND
PATRIOTS
OF
AMERICA



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Anthony Woodward, the first,

New Jersey.

Anthony Woodward, the founder of the New Jersey branch of the Woodward family was born in Derbyshire, near Ashford-in-the-water, England, in 1657."

On December 22, 1682, his sister Alice was married at Ashford Friends' Meeting to Edward Booth, Anthony Woodward, Samuel and John Bunting and John, Samuel and Joan Sykes signing the marriage certificate. Soon after this he emigrated to America and settled for a time on Long Island, N.Y.

Anterior to 1686, he arrived at Crosswicks, N.J. bringing with him a certificate of removal to the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting, which spoke of him as being a young man in good standing.

"The Friends Meeting Records, of which Religious Society he was a member, shows that he came from Flushing, Long Island, to Monmouth County. Anthony Woodward brought to Chesterfield Monthly Meeting of Friends, a certificate of membership from Flushing, Long Island, dated 1 mo 25th, 1686 and this certificate is on record in Liber B.B. of said Chesterfield Meeting Records." (From a manuscript by Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite a Genealogist written in 1922.)

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"Among the settlers he found many old friends, the Foulkes, Buntings, Sykes and others coming from the same neighborhood."(Bordentown and Its Environs p.187 by Major E.M.Woodward 1876)

"On December 14, 1686, he married Hannah Foulkes, daughter of Thomas Foulkes. He undoubtedly was acquainted with her in England and probably an attachment existed between them that was renewed upon his arrival at Crosswicks."

"Anthony Woodward"

"Chesterfield Monthly Meeting of Burlington Co., N.J."

"This is a copy from the minutes of Chesterfield Monthly Meeting, Book 1- pages 10 & 11, now on deposit in the Department of Records, Philadelphia yearly meeting of the Religious Society of Friends, 302 Arch Street, Philadelphia. April 17, 1957."

(signed) Mary Ogilvie, Secretary

(quote)"At our Monthly Meeting at Francis Davenport's house in Chesterfield ye 6th ye 11th mo. 1686.

Anthony Woodward, late of Long Island, and Hannah Foulke declared their intentions of marriage to the Men's and Womens meetings, her parents being present gave their consent, and he produced a certificate from Friends in Long Island of his clearness of all others and of his faithful walking, yet for good order's sake, Francis

Davenport and Samuel Bunting are appointed to make further inquiry into his clearness and make report to ye next meeting.

"At our Monthly Meeting at Francis Davenport's house in Chesterfield ye 3rd of 12th mo 1686.

Anthony Woodward and Hannah Foulke came and published their intentions of marriage ye second time, Francis Davenport and Samuel Bunting appointed by the last meeting to inquire concerning his clearness find nothing but that he is clear, the women friends have appointed Katherine Beard and Mary Wright to inquire concerning her clearness, was not satisfied concerning her clearness and John Hooten; therefore, the meeting desired them to stay one month longer, but contrary to their desire they proceeded in their marriage which was some trouble to Friends." (unquote)

Marriage of Anthony Woodward as reported in New Jersey Archives, first series, Vol. XXII, Marriages 1665-1800- page 672.

"Chesterfield, Burlington County Friends Monthly Meeting."

"Anthony Woodward, late of Long Island, now of West Jersey and Hannah Foulke, daughter of Thomas, 14th - 12th mo. 1686."

Witnesses Thomas, Thomas Jr., Foulkes; Samuel Bunting; William Wood; William Biddle, John Curtis, Joseph Hutchinson and others."

"Thomas Foulkes, father-in-law of Anthony Woodward, was one of the Commissioners sent out by the Proprietors of West Jersey to purchase the lands of the Indians, to inspect the rights of Europeans claiming property, to order the lands to be laid out and to administer the government." (Bordentown and its Environs p.188)

"Thomas Foulke had arrived in America aboard the ship "Kent", Gregory Marlow, Master. This ship was the second ship from London to western parts. After a tedious passage they arrived at New-Castle, the 16th of the 6 mo., O.S., 1677. From this point the Commissioners proceeded up the Delaware River to a place called Chygoes Island (From Chygoe, and Indian sachem, who lived there) which was afterwards Burlington, their business being to treat with the Indians about the land there and to regulate the settlements, having not only the proprietors, but governor Andros' commission for that purpose. Burlington was laid out in 1677. The commissioners gave it the name first of New Beverly, then Bridlington, but soon changed it to Burlington." (History of New Jersey, Smith (1765) ppgs 92-93-98-99)

The authority of the commissioners of West Jersey was confined to land west of the Old Province or Keith Line. The division of East Jersey and West Jersey was established by a quinti-partite deed dated July 1, 1677. (History of Burlington, Woodward, p.8)

Also see "The Concessions and Agreements of the Proprietors, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Province of West New Jersey in America" singed in London, England, March 3, 1676/7 by some of the prospective emigrants of the colony. Later, many signatures were affixed to this document in America. This original, beautifylly engrossed document on vellum in a well bound quarto, is preserved in the office of the Surveyor General of West Jersey at Burlington. A complete copy of"The Concessions and Agreements of the Proprietors, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Province of West New Jersey in America" was printed by the Burlington Press, Burlington, N.J. in 1951. In this reprint the introduction aws by Dr. Henry H. Bisbee, of Burlington, New Jersey, May 20, 1951. The quinti-partite deed, dated July 1, 1676, directed a straight line to be drawn through the province from north to south, from the most southerly point of the east side of Little Egg Harbor to the most northerly point of boundary of the Delaware. To the divisions were given the names of East and West Jersey respectively.

George Keith was Scotch and a resident of East Jersey. He was Surveyor General os East Jersey and in 1687 he surveyed the line between East and West Jersey, which line was known as the Keith or Province Line. Some corrections were made by agreement between Gov. Dr. Daniel Cox of West Jersey and Gov. Robert Barclay of the Province of East Jersey. (Smith's History of New Jersey p.195-196)

It appears from the records the Keith or Province Line between Ellisdale and Arneytown, Anthony Woodward's house- homestead "Ashford" was approximately half way between these two towns and on the East Jersey side, or the Monmouth County side, of this Province Line- was not changed and this line (now a road) is the County Line between Monmouth and Burlington Counties. The lines of these two counties were established by an Act of Assembly, 1709. Anthony Woodward, owned land in West Jersey, later Burlington County and also in East Jersey, later Monmouth County. This may be the cause of any confusion as to whether he was of Burlington County or Monmouth County. He, however, owned land in West Jersey, later Burlington County, before he owned land and moved to East Jersey or Monmouth County, as I will now show.

From Revel's Book of Surveys p.378 (N.J.Arch. Vol. XVI)
1688 2bd mo (April) Do Do for Anthony Woodward of 450 acres on Crosswicks Creek along the East Jersey line.
West Jersey Records (ibid p.429)
1688-9 Jan.22 Thomas Folke senior to Anthony Woodward, both of Chesterfield, yeomen, for 200 acres near there, bo't of Nahlon Dtacy, then of Handsworth York, England, Jan. 28-29, 1677-8.

(Ibid-474) 1688-9 Feb. 15 Do. William Biddle of Mount Hope, Burlington Co. yeoman, to Anthony Woodward of

Chesterfield same Co. husbandman, for 100 Acres to be taken up in the tract in said Co. bought of Tho. Pearson and Joseph Helmsley April 1, 1677.

Thomas Foulke located a large tract of land at, and was one of the founders of Crosswicks. His cabin stood on the north side of the road between the Methodist Church and the house owned and occupied by William Decow (1883). This was in West Jersey, later Burlington County. (Bordentown and its Environs,p.188)

As to the village of Crosswicks, Major E.M. Woodward in his book "History of Burlington County (1883) wrote on pages 286-287 as follows: "Crosswicks, the principal village within the limits of the Township (Chesterfield Township) is pleasantly located in the northern part of the Township on Crosswicks Creek and about 4 miles from Bordentown. It was first settled in 1681 by a few members of the Society of Friends with their families. It grew to be a place of some importance, even in those early days, for in October, 1716, the General Assembly met there."

Smith's History of N.J." on page 408 reads: "The general assembly met at Crosswicks in 1716, the smallpox being at Burlington at that time."

"During the Revolutionary War Crosswicks became a place of historical note. The true Indian name of Crosswicks is supposed to be Clossweeksung, a separation."

In 1688 Anthony Woodward had conveyed to him as a gift 200 acres of land at or near the village, by his father in law Thomas Foulke, and it is probable he first settled

there, though about that time be bought a tract of 300 acres between the old York Road and Doctors Creek and a larger tract, also on the north side of the Crosswicks" Up to this point we have Anthony Woodward of West Jersey, later Burlington County.

In 1698, Anthony Woodward purchased of William Dockwra, the great Dockwra tract, extending from a point on Crosswicks Creek at Fowlers Bridge, near Ellisdale, along the old Province, Keith's or County Line, to where said line intersects Crosswicks Creek, about half way between New Egypt and Cookstown, a distance of seven miles, being bounded on the west by the Province Line, and on all other sides by Crosswicks Creek, for the sum of £ 880 current silver money. This tract now (1883) contains some of the finest farms in the state. This was then a wild country with no sign of civilization except the marks cut by Keiths men upon the trees to indicate the Province Line. The old Indian path from Burlington to Shrewsbury and Middletown, run a little south of and parallel to the present Recklesstown road, from the old York road to the Province Line road, and crossed this tract a little north of the house built by Joseph W. Reckless, and recently purchased and now occupied by B.F.Woodward (1879). A little south of this house Anthony Woodward built his cabin. This trail, although only a bridle path, was the only road through the entire country for many miles, and upon it and the path from the "Falls" to the Raritan River

passed all the travel between the Hulson and Delaware Rivers. The Hon. George Sykes, in his history of the Woodward's says: "The late Robert Woodward who died in 1861, once told hm that several of the proprietors of East Jersey on their way backwards and forwards on business to Burlington, passed by the cabin of his great grandfather, Anthony Woodward, and there being no public house on the path, called and took a meal and fed their horses, often staying all night, he being of a hospitable disposition and better able and w lling to accomodate them than most of the inhabitatnts on the road, for which he would never take any compensation though often urged to do so. At an early date he located 54 acres of Cedar Swamp, the first location ever made and upon having it surveyed by William Emley and applying to the proprietors in the usual manner for a title, they immediately ordered the title to be made out to him and recorded, refusing to receive any compensation, as an offset for his hospitality. When we remember that in those days there was no newspapers published in the Province, and but very few books to be had, it must have been a great pleasure to one residing far out in the woods, to have had travelers fresh from Burlington, Shrewsbury and Amboy, then the great centers of information, to stop over night at his cabin. And equally acceptable was the hospitalities extended to the traveler who had journeyed on horseback

through the lonely woods." Mr. Sykes further remarks: "From his signature I should judge he had a fair education, though perhaps he was not what we should call a highly educated man. Tradition represents him as man of kind, liberal and enlarged views. Except some of the largest proprietors, he certainly was the largest land holders among the actual settlers. He had considerable money at interest at his death, and he is styled "Gentleman" in some of the deeds. Besides the properties before mentioned he owned at least three farms, one of which laid immediately west of the present village of Allentown. He was a member of the General Assembly for the eastern division during the stormy times of Lord Cornbury. (See Smith's History of New Jers yp.283.) Anthony Woodward died in 1729, aged 72 years. He had six sons:1Thomas Woodward,2Samuel Woodward,3William Woodward,4John Woodward,5Joseph Woodward and three daughters: Elizabeth Woodward, Clemence Woodward and Mary Woodward.

By his will, proved March 27, 1730, he devised his farm of 400 acres to his wife Hannah, in fee with other lands. This homestead farm was designated by the name of "Ashford", after the town near which he lived in England.

Hannah Woodward, nee Faoulke, the widow of thes Anthony Woodward, died the latter part of the summer of 1760, at an advanced age. By her will, proved Sept. 30, 1760 she gave the residue of her estate to her three above

named grandchildren, Anne, Apollo and Joseph. She survived her husband upward of twenty-five years.

"The homestead cabin was burned down a few years prior to her death, and she being entirely blind, was led from it by one of her grandchildren.

"The Hon. George Sykes in his "History of the Woodward Family of Burlington County, N.J.", wrote as follows: "Anthony Woodward, the ancestor, was the first white settler on the 2500 acre tract he purchased of William Dockwra, and the first house on that property was built by him. It stood a few feet southeasterly or southerly from the mansion house on the homestead farm late of Jos. W. Reckless, Jno. W. Cox and now owned by Budd Shinn Woodward. The cellar hole was pointed out to me a few years since, where it stood. It was built and occupied by Anthony Woodward up to the time of his death in 1730, and by his widow, Hannah Woodward, and son Joseph until about the year 1750, when it took fire and burned down. My friend Israel J. Woodward has informed me that his grandfather, Israel Woodward, who died at an advanced age (about year 1818) once told him he remembered being at the fire, and seeing some person lead his grandmother, Hannah Woodward, who was an old woman and quite blind, out of the house while it was on fire." The Israel Woodward[3], mentioned above, was a son of Anthony[2] Woodward and a grand son of the first Anthony Woodward.

In the New Jersey Archives, Vol. XXI- Calendar- New Jersey Records- 1664-1703, page 299-appears as follows; "1698-9, Feb. 7, Deed, William Dockwra, of London, by John Reid, his attorney, to Anthony Woodward, of East Jersey, for 2,500 acres in Monmouth County. W. the partition line, on all others sides Croswwick Creek."

This accounts for where Anthony Woodward built his cabin in East Jersey, later Monmouth County, along the Province or Keith Line, the cabin and 400 acre homestead being on the East side of the Province or Keith Line, now a road between the present towns of Ellisdale and Arneytown, N.J. On the East side of this road one is in Monmouth County and on the West died of this road one is in Burlington County.

As I have previously stated the original homestead cabin of Anthony Woodward built on the old Dockwra tract subsequent to 1698, was destroyed by fire about 1750.

Prior to the time Anthony Woodward lived in his cabin on the Dockwra tract we can consider him a resident of West Jersey, or Burlington County. After he acquired the Dockwra tract and moved to his cabin, he was of East Jersey, later Monmouth County, as shown by the Dockwra Deed recorded found in "New Jersey Archives.

Colonial Service Anthony Woodward 1657-1729

"The First General Assembly"

From "History of Monmouth County" (1885)

Author Franklin Ellis; Publisher R.T.Peck and Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Page 35

"The first general assembly under the Royal Governor convened at Perth Amboy, November 10, 1703."

"The next session was held at Burlington, beginning on the 7th of September, 1704. The members for the Eastern Division were: John Bowne, Richard Hartshorne, Richard Salter, Abadiah Bowne, Anthony Woodward, John Tunison, John Lawrence, Jasper Crane, Peter Van Este, Thomas Gordon, John Barclay and John Royce."

Author Franklin Ellis also wrote as follows: "The first four being from Monmouth County." However, the lines of Monmouth and Burlington County were not established by an Act of Assembly until 1709.

Colonial Service Anthony Woodward

1703-1709

Member of the Assembly 1704 Taken from Liber A.A.A. of Commissions at New Jersey, Secretary of State Office. page 19- Commission of Justice of the Peace, Anthony Woodward- 1704.

Page 117 - Anthony Woodward, Justice, 1709.

(Note by E.M.Woodward: The above mentioned Colonial Service appears in a manuscript compiled by Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite in 1922. She was a genealogist of Trenton, N.J., now, I understand deceased. This record was copied from her manuscript by me. E.M.W.

Will of Anthony Woodward

439-M of Wills, on file in the Secretary of State Office, Trenton, N.J.

I, Anthony Woodward, of Freehold in the County of Monmouth and Eastern Dibision of New Jersey being weak of body but of sound and perfect mind and memory do make and ordain this my present Last Will and Testament in manner and form following:

First: I will that all my just debts and funeral expenses be paid and discharged by my executors hereinafter named.

Also, I give to my son Thomas Woodward two hundred acres of land whereon he now dwells as it is surveyed by William Emley. Also, I give him the sum of Five Shillings.

Also, I give to my sons John Woodward, Anthony Woodward, William Woodward, Joseph Woodward, and Samuel Woodward, each of them the sum of Five Shillings to be paid by my executrix within one year after my decease.

Also I give to my daughters Elizabeth King, Mary Maltsby, Clemens Woodward and Sarah Woodward, each of them the sum of Five Shillings to be paid by my executrix within one year after my decease.

Also, all the rest of my estate both real and personal be it what or where it will I give unto my loving wife, Hannah Woodward, with full power to sell or give all or any part or parcel as she shall see cause with full power also to sign and execute all manner of deeds or conveyance as she shall see meet for the sure making and confirming all or any part of my estate as fairly as I can whilst I am living, and I do also give full power to my loving wife, Hannah Woodward, do ordain and make executor or executrix and to give them or any of them full power to do all manner of act or acts for the disposing of my real estate as well after her decease as before according to her discretion for the use of my children.

Also, I do nominate and appoint my loving wife, Hannah Woodward, full and sole executrix of this my last Will and Testament, and I do hereby disanul and make void all former wills by me heretofore made.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this twenty-ninth day of December, One thousand Seven Hundred and Eighteen (1718)

Signed: Anthony Woodward (s)

Signed, Sealed and Acknowledged to be his Last Will and Testament. In the presence of: Thomas Wood, Elizabeth Daws (by mark) Joseph Reckless.

Proved 26th of March, 1730, By Joseph Reckless, who affirmed and Hannah Woodward, affirmed as Executrix, same date.

Inventory of Estate made by Benjamin Doughty and Joseph Reckless, 23rd of March 1729-30. Also by John Bunting and Edward Beakes. Amount £4531:10:6.

The family od Anthony Woodward, mentioned in his Will:

Hannah Woodward, his wife

Children: second generation

Thomas Woodward
John Woodward
Anthony Woodward
William Woodward
Joseph Woodward
Samuel Woodward
Elizabeth King
Mary Maltsby
Clemens Woodward
Sarah Woodward

six sons mentioned

four daughters mentioned

Will in abstract as reported in New Jersey Archives of Wills, 1670-1730 page 523

December 29, 1718. Woodward, Anthony, of Freehold, Monmouth County, will of. Wife Hannah sole Executrix. Children-Thomas, John, Anthony, William, Joseph, Samuel, Elizabeth King, Mary Maltsby, Clemens and Sarah. Real and personal estate. Witnesses: Thomas Wood, Elizabeth Daws, Joseph Reckless. Proved March 26, 1730 State Record-Lib 3-page 70.

William[2] Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, the first. Major Evan M. Woodward in his book "Bordentown and Its Environs" (1876) wrote on page 189:

"William, son of the first Anthony, settled on a farm near Walnford, given to him by his father. He subsequently owned over 600 acres of land in that neighborhood. He was married and he died in the autumn of 1783, and had sons, Jesse[3], John[3], William[3] and Anthony[3], and daughters Elizabeth[3], who married an Emley and Anna[3], who married a Warrick. Jesse[3] recieved from his father in 1 764, the farm now of Edward W. Howard (1876). He married Mary Cheshire and had sons Isaac[4] and John.[4] During the Revolution he (this refers to Jesse Woodward) and his sons were Tories, and upon the close of the war removed to the British possessions, his grandson, Isaac, becoming Major of St. Johns, New Brunswick and John holding an important commission under the British Government. Both of them now living, (1876) Isaac having raised a family and John remaining single. William's son John married Mary Wood.

Anthony[3] another son of William[2], married his first cousin, Increase Dennis. Of him we find in the Chesterfield Meeting Records in 1778: "Anthony Woodward, son of William, produced an acknowledgement condemning his being so far in the spirit of war as to carry arms in show of defense which was read and received." This is a very carefully worded paper."

From "Chesterfield Monthly Meeting Minutes, Book II- page 432, which is on deposit at "Department of Records of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting of the Religious Society of Friends", 302 Arch Street, Phila. -6- Penna. the following certified copy of the Quaker Meeting was received by me from their Secretary, Mary Ogilvie:

"1778 first day First month"

Chesterfield Monthly Meeting Minutes, Book IIIpage 432

"Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward produced an acknowledgement condemning his being so far in the spirit of war as to carry arms in show of defense, which was read and received."

It will be noted author Major E.M. Woodward did not state Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, was a Tory, serving in the British Army. He merely mentioned the Quaker Meeting records stated above. This record merely reads he was condemned by the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting becnuse he carried arms in defense and in 1778 he appeared and produced the acknowledgement that he did carry arms in show of defense. This fact together with other facts which follow clearly indicate Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, was a Patriot and not a Loyalist.

With refrrence to William[2] Woodward, Chesterfield M.M. Minutes, Book 1-page 391, reads as follows:

1743- 6 mo. 4- William Woodward received on request"

1752-2 mo.6 - William Woodward reported married to his first cousin, which being contrary to our discipline, lies under consideration."

1752-3rd mo. 5 - Chesterfield M.M.Minutes page 501

William Woodward. Friends having considered the case of William Woodward's marriage to his first cousin (her name not mentioned in the record) do disown him and his wife, being a member."

The next Quaker Meeting Minutes of Chesterfield Monthly Meeting of interest is dated 1771-4 mo. 4th. Book II- page 278 - which reads as follows:

"1771-4 mo 4. Anthony Woodward[3], son of William[2] Woodward requests to come under the care of Friends."

"1771 - 11 mo. 7. Anthony Woodward, son of William, is received into membership, with his four children, Josiah, Jethro, Clement, Elizabeth, and an infant, name unknown." This makes Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, and his children members of the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting as of 11 mo. 7th 1771.

Now to follow up what Major Woodward wrote about the William[2] Woodward family on page 189 of his book "Bordentown and Its Environs" which I have previously quoted, the following Quaker Meeting records are of great interest and help in establishing which Anthony Woodward was with the British Army, known as Anthony Woodward, Jr., and who was captured by the American Forces, Jan. 8 or 9, 1780, in a raid on Sandy Hook, N.J. by men of Major Henry Lee's Forces.

Disownment of Anthony Woodward, Jr.

"Chestefield M.M. Book II - page 418

"1777 - 7 mo 3. The preparative meeting of Upper Freehold

reports that Anthony Woodward son of Anthony[2], Jesse[3] Woodward, and his son John Woodward having appeared under arms in a hostile manner, were active in military services, and being some distance from home cannot be spoken with."

"1777 - 9 mo.4th, page 423- Same Quaker Meeting Minutes, "The Friends appointed to that service produced a testification against Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony, and John Woodward, son of Jesse, and Jesse Woodward for appearing under arms in a warlike or hostile manner; and the said Anthony and John as we apprehend with the British Forces, and the said Jesse being now a considerable distance from home they cannot readily be spoken with and therefore the wholesome rules of our disipline in treating with them on the occasion, cannot be performed and the reputation of the Society seems to suffer by their conduct; the said testification was read and approved and Nathan Wright and Caleb Ogburn are appointed to serve them with a copy and let them know of their right of appeal, when it can be done and report to a further meeting."

Further Quaker Meeting records of interest are as follows:

Chesterfield M.M. Minutes Book 1- 1684-1756 page 555

"1756- 2 mo. 5 Anthony Woodward requests a certificate for his son Anthony on account of marriage to a Friend of Shrewsbury M.M."

Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting Abstract of Births, Deaths Marriages, R.S. 421-E, page 121

"1756 - 6 mo 3. Anthony Woodward of Freehold, reported to the meeting as married to Deborah Tilton." This is the Anthony[3] Woodward known as Anthony Woodward,Jr., before, during and after the Revolutionary War.

See Vol. J. of Deeds, page 138, (Monmouth County Clerks Office) Deed 1 March 1770- Anthony Woodward, Jr., of Upper Freehold Township and wife Deborah of one part and Israel Woodward of same place of second part.

Also Vol. 1 of Deeds-page 136 (Monmouth County Clerks Office) Deed-1st February 1785, Anthony Woodward, Jr., of Upper Freehold Township and wife Deborah of one part and Israel Woodward of same place of 2nd part. etc."

It is the thought of this writer, the facts shown by the Quaker Minutes mentioned, the two deeds mentioned before and after the Revolution, plus other facts to follow clearly establish the fact Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, carried arms in show of defense and was therefore a Patriot. The records do not show Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, was disowned by the Quaker Meeting, but the Quaker Meeting records do show that Anthony[3] Woodward, Jr., son of Anhhony[2] Woodward, known as Anthony Woodward, Jr., was charged with appearing under arms in a war like and hostile manner, that the meeting apprehended he was with the British forces and he was disowned by the Quakers, as the minutes of Chesterfield Quaker Meeting of 7 mo 3, 1777 and 9 mo 4, 1777

show, both of which meetings have been previously mentioned. (Chesterfield M.M.Book II pages 418-423.)

Will of William[2] Woodward, father of Anthony[3] Woodward, the latter, I term, "The Patriot"

New Jersey Archives of Wills 1781-1785 page 456

"August 3, 1779- William Woodward, of Upper Freehold, Monmouth County, Will of. Wife Elizabeth, 5 shillings, agreeable to her own will, by a bond given to John Watson for £ 300 for her own use, £ 40 of which has been paid, and said bond was given before marriage. Son Jesse, 5 shillings. Son John, £ 40. Son William, 5 shillings. Daughter Elizabeth Warrick, 5 shillings. Daughter Anne Emley, 5 shillings. Granddaughter Mary English, £ 100. Daughter Theodicia Forman, £ 150. Son Anthony, rent of real and personal estate. Son Anthony to be Executor. Witnesses: Joseph Smith, Richard Robins, Lydia Giberson. Proved Oct. 11, 1783

1783 October 9. Inventory £ 1,222:7:5 made by Empson Kirby and Richard Potts. Lib. 25, page 7.

This Anthony[3] Woodward, son fo William[2] Woodward married Increase Dennis, his first cousin, October 13, 1760. N.J.A. Marriages 1665-1800 page 442. Their daughter, Clemence Woodward, married Abner[4] Woodward, son of Thomas[3] Woodward. William[2] Woodward was the grandfather of Clemence[4] Woodward. The Anthony[3] Woodward mentioned in the will of his father, William Woodward, was without question around

Burlington and Monmouth Counties when his father's will was made August 3, 1779, and he was executor and proved his father's will Oct. 11, 1783. He, Anthony[3] Woodward, was certainly around when he made his will August 26, 1793, and when he died 1795 in Upper Freehold Township, Monmouth County, New Jersey.

Will of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward

New Jersey Archives of Wills 1791-1795 page 409.

1793, August 26. Woodward, Anthony, of Upper Freehold Township, Monmouth County. Will of. Wife Increase, one chest of high drawers, bed, privileges of house and £ 200. Daughters, Clemence, £ 200. Daughters, Elizabeth, Phebe, Hannah, Mary, Sarah and Ann Woodward, each £ 200 (last 5 not of age). Legacies to be paid by sons Josiah and Jethro. Moveable estate to be sold and divided between the last 6 named daughters and son Josiah.

Son William middle part of home plantation on Crosswicks Creek, when 21.

Son Josiah, southerly part of plantation, with houses and buildings, bounded by land of John Woodward, Susannah Woodward and Abner and Apollo Woodward; also a fowling piece, clock, desk, chest, covered wagon, 4 horse wagon, 2/3 of horses, cattle and sheep, and 2/3 of money outstanding on bonds and book debts.

Son Jethro, north part of plantation also desk, English musket, 2 horse wagon, 1/3 of horses, cattle and sheep, and 1/3 of money outstanding. Cedar swamp to be divided between the three sons.

Executors-sons Josiah and William, and son-in-law Abner Woodward.

Witnesses: James Boyd, William Lawrie and John Black.

Proved July 28, 1795 (Lib.33 page 507)

1795 July 25. Inventory £ 629:3:5 made by John Ridgeway and William Lawrie.

1805-Nov. 6. Petition of Josiah Woodward and Abner Woodward surviving Executors, to the council and general assembly. Whereas John Leonard, of Upper Freehold Township, under date o of July 10, 1764. gave said Anthony Woodward a bond for £ 50:13 and Leonard afterwards joined the Kings Army, and his estate was condiscated; the petitioners pray a law be passed authorizing the State Treasurer to pay said bond. (File 7341 - 7354-M)

(Note: Clemence Woodward, wife and widow of Abner Woodward, as shown by their respective wills (File 9631-M; 9872-M). He died 1825; she died 1829. Stillwell Vol. 5 page 442, incorrectly states she was wife of Anthony Dennis.)

Note by E.M.Woodward

See will of Jacob Dennis 3-18-1769-New Jersey Archives of Wills, 1771-1780-page 140, showing Anthony Dennis was his son and Increase (Dennis) Woodward was his daughter.

As shown by the will of Anthony[3] Woodward, husband of Increase (Dennis) Woodward, they had the following named

children: Clemence Woodward, Elizabeth Woodward, Phebe Woodward, Hannah Woodward, Mary Woodward, Sarah Woodward, Ann Woodward, William Woodward, Josiah Woodward, Jethro Woodward, Ten children in all mentioned.

The Petition of November 6, 1805, in connection with the will and estate of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward (will proved July 28, 1795) clearly shows activity regarding the estate of Anthony Woodward as late as the date of this respective published Petition, namely November 6, 1805.

The will of this Anthony and the will of his father, William Woodward, clearly proves this Anthony Woodward was not the Anthony Woodward whose war connection is referred to in book "This Old Monmouth of Ours", page 68, author William S. Horner, Publishers Mareaw Brothers, Freehold, N.J., 1932, on which page author Horner wrote:

"Anthony Woodward Captured"

"Anthony Woodward was a member of the well known Monmouth County Quaker family of that name. He was either a son or grandson of Anthony Woodward of Upper Freehold who died in 1730.

"He was, I think, the same man who some ten years or so before breaking out of the Revolution, became involved in a contention with Sheriff Daniel Ellis (son of Rowland), Woodward being the complainant. This affair was brought before the Governor and his council, where it was decided against Woodward. This Anthony abandoned his property in

Monmouth and joined the King's Forces in 1776. He was a large land-holder, owning several plantations. These were sold under confisaction procedure in 1779 and brought upwards of fifteen thousand dollars in gold."

"Several of his sons likewise served with the British and some of them settled in Canada after the war. The son of question, taken by Major Lee's party at Sandy Hook, was, I believe, Anthony Woodward, Jr. who, it is probable, had lived in Shrewsbury Township before the beginning of hostilities."

Up to this point author William S. Horner has not definitely established who the Anthony Woodward was who was captured by American Forces by men under the command of Major Henry Lee in their raid on Sandy Hook February 8 or 9, 1780. Author Horner states he was either a son or grandson of Anthony Woodward who died in 1730. He further wrote " I think" and "it is probable."

On page 358 and 359, book "This Old Monmouth of Ours", same author, William S. Horner, wrote: "Anthony Woodward(18) son of William (5) married Increase, daughter of Jacob and Clemence (Woodward) Dennis. Mention of him and his sons has been page on page 68. He was one of the most active of the Loyalists, and was familiarly referred to as "Black Nat". The name of one son, Anthony (34½) is available." Horner is correct when he states Anthony Woodward (18) son of William (5) married Increase, daughter of Jacob and Clemence (Woodward) Dennis. I feel satisfied the facts in this

manuscript prove clearly author Horner is in error when he wrote on page 358-359--"Mention of him and his sons has been made on page 68. He was one of the most active of the Loyalists and was familiarly referred to as "Black Hat". The name of one son, Anthony (34½) is available." See Chesterfield Monthly Meeting Records and the will of William Woodward and his son, Anthony Woodward whose wife was Increase (Dennis) Woodward.

The will of Anthony[3] Woodward, husband of Increase (Dennis) Woodward and the father of Clemence[4] Woodward who married Abner[4] Woodward (son of Thomas[3] Woodward) shows he (Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward) left quite a large estate. The inventory dated July 25, 1795, shows £ 629:3:5, which included farm land in Monmouth County, given by this Anthony Woodward, of Upper Freehold Township to his sons William, Josiah and Jethro. Certainly it was not this Anthony Woodward, son of William, whose real estate was confiscated and sold for fifteen thousand dollars in gold in 1779, as stated by author William S. Horner in his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" (1932) page 68, publishers Moreau Brothers, Freehold N.J. I have found no record to support the fact stated by author William S. Horner that Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, had a son Anthony[4] Woodward. ("This Old Monmouth of Ours" pages 358-359). Horner gives this supposed son No. 34½.

The will of Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, made August 26, 1793, and proved July 28,1795, shows the names of ten of his children, 7 daughters and 3 sons. The names of his sons were William, Josiah and Jethro. There is no mention in the will of Anthony Woodward, whose wife w was shown in his will as Increase, of any son by the name of Anthony Woodward.

It is quite clear to me what author Horner arote on pages 68, 358 and 359 has reference to Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of Anthony^{2} Woodward, who did have a son Anthony^{4} Woodward. See Chesterfield Monthly Meeting records, included in this manuscript, regarding Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of Anthony^{2} Woodward, being disowned by the Quakers, the testification produced 9 mo. 4, 1777, against him and also note what is stated in the minutes of the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting, dated 7 mo. 3, 1777, Book II, pages 418 and 4 423.

This Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward had a son Anthony^{4} Woodward, who was undoubtedly the Anthony Woodward mentioned on page 359 of book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" and referred to by author Horner as(34½) a son Anthony Woodward (18), who in turn was a son of William^{2} Woodward (5).

See Chesterfield Monthly Meeting records 2 mo 5, 1756, and 6 mo. 3, 1756, showing Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of Anthony^{2} Woodward, married Deborah Tilton.

See will of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward, recorded in New Jersey Archives, Wills 1810-1813, page 432. Will dated Sept. 9, 1809, proved February 14, 1810. State Records, 8877 Monmouth. The Woodward Bible Record (Anthony Woodward's Bible), which I have located and examined, shows Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, died 1 mo.20, 1810. He was born about 1725.

This bible record shows Anthony[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward, was born 10 mo. 13, 1760, and died 5 mo. 9, 1840, age 80 years.

The names of the children of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward, as shown by his will made Sept. 9, 1809, and proved February 14, 1810, were as follows: Anthony Woodward, Born 10 mo. 13, 1760, died 5 mo. 9, 1840; Nimrod Woodward, born 1 mo. 20, 1765; Benjamin Woodward; George Woodward; Margaret (Woodward) Ivins; Constance (Woodward) Williams; Valariah (Woodward) Talman. Seven children in all mentioned in his will.

In a book "History of Burlington County", 1883 author Major E.M.Woodward, on page 30 appears the following: "From the records of the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting, Crosswicks, we extract the following: "The prc mee of Chesterfield that Henry Lippincott hath been concerned with the military and signed their association of defense."

" 1 mo. 1st, 1778. Anthony Woodward, son of William, produced an acknowledgement of his being so far in the spirit of war as to carry arms & etc." The actual Quaker

Meeting Records, previously quoted reads,"Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, produced an acknowledgement condemning his being so far in the spirit of war as to carry arms in show of defense, which was read and received." Here we have mentioned the association of defense and Anthony Woodward, son ofoWilliam Woodward, who carried arms in defense, which certainly would make him a Patriot.

Major Evan M. Woodward on page 189 of his book "Bordentown and Its Environs"(1876), which I have previously referred to, made no statement indicating Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William Woodward, and husband of Increase (Dennis) Woodward, joined the King's Troops and his property was confiscated in 1779. He only mentions what he found in the records of Chesterfield Monthly Meeting 1 mo. 1st 1778, which I have quoted on previous pages of this manuscript.

In a book entitled "Biographical Sketches of Loyalists of the American Revolution with an Historical Essay" published by Little, Brown & Co., Boston, Mass., (1864) the author of which book was Lorenzo Sabine, Vol. 2, page 455, this author wrote as follows:

"Woodward, Anthony. Of New Jersey. Petition in his behalf (May 1776) to the Provincial Congress, setting forth the distressed condition of his wife and children; that hunted by bands of armed men, he had been driven, contrary to his intentions, to the Kings Troops for shelter; and praying for leave to return to his rank and station in the

community. At the peace he settled at Pennfield, New Brunswick." Author Lorenzo Sabine did not identify this Anthony Woodward as the husband of Increase(Dennis) Woodward and son of William Woodward. What he stated about the Petition of May 1776 refers to Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, who joined the British Forces. See what appears in Chesterfield Meeting Records regarding this Anthony and what author Horner stated on page 68 of his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" regarding the capture of Anthony Woodward in the raid on Sandy Hook by American Forces January 8 or 9, 1780. This writer has found no facts to support what Lorenzo Sabine wrote, namely"Anthony Woodward (son of Anthony) at the peace settled at Pennfield, New Brunswick". In fact his will and other facts do not support that statement. Certainly, the facts I have written regarding Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, do not show he settled in Canada at the Peace. In fact, they do show he carried arms in defense and was a Patriot.

In another book entitled "The Loyalist of New Jersey: by B. Alfred Jones, M.A.- F.R. Historical Society, collection of the New Jersey Historical Society, Vol. X, Newark, N.J. and published by the Society, 1927, page 245 reads as follows: "Anthony Woodward. A Quaker of Monmouth County, New Jersey, who was obliged to abandon his property because of his loyalty. He joined the British Army in 1776. He was declared guilty of high treason by the State of New Jersey

and his property confiscated in 1779. His losses included several plantations, valued at £ 5,068 currency, equal to 3,040:16^{s} in sterling. A disposition of truth of his statements regarding his property was made by Henry Edward Knox, Samuel Woodward and Richard Robbins (A.O.82 in A.O. 12:15:-Sabine." Author E. Alfred Jones did not identify this Anthony Woodward as the husband of Increase (Dennis) Woodward, son of William Woodward. The above record by author E. Alfred Jones, I believe, is directly connected with what author Lorenzo Sabine wrote in 1864, which I have quoted from Sabine's book, page 455. It will be noted in what author Jones wrote, or rather after what he wrote on page 455 245-appears (A.O.82 in A.O. 12:85:Sabine) Note Chesterfield Monthly Meeting minutes Book II-page 423-1777-9th mo. 4th day which reads "The Friends appointed to that service produced a testification against Anthony Woodward son of Anthony; and John Woodward, son of Jesse Woodward, and Jesse Woodward for appearing under arms in a war like or hostile manner, etc." This is, without doubt, the Anthony Woodward referred to by author E. Alfred Jones. Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, is not mentioned in the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting minutes of 1777-7 mo.3, 1777 or 9 mo 4. (Chesterfield M.M. Book II-pages 418 and 423.)

To me it appears author William S. Horner (1932) followed in many respects what Lorenzo Sabine wrote in 1864, perhaps some of what Major E.M.Woodward wrote in 1876 and what author

E. Alfred Jones wrote in 1927 and associated what these three authors wrote regarding an Anthony Woodward with Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, who married Increase Dennis, October 13, 1760.

This case, like many families in Colonial days, turns out to be one where Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, carried arms in defense and was a patriot while his brother Jesse Woodward, son of William was a loyalist, and after the war he settled in Canada. The Chesterfield Monthly Meeting Records previously quoted show both Jesse Woodward and his son John were active in the interest of the British. Jesse Woodward, as stated, was a son of William Woodward, and brother of Anthony Woodward, the Patriot, whose wife was Increase (Dennis) Woodward. In the book "Biographical Sketches of Loyalists of the American Revolution with an Historical Essay" by Lorenzo Sabine (1864) page 454 we find as follows:

"Woodward, Jesse. Of Monmouth County, New Jersey. His ancestors came to America three years after William Penn, and built a stone house which is (1847) still standing. He was a man of consequence in his neighborhood and was employed by Lord Cornwallis to contract for stores and forage for the Royal Army. When his Lordship left that part of the country, considerable sums were due to persons of whom Mr. Woodward had made purchases for which he was held accountable; and unable to make payments, he was imprisoned by the Whig authorities and remained in confinement three years. In

1783 he removed to Beaver Harbor, New Brunswick, and thence to St. John where he died. He belonged to the religious Society of Friends, or Quakers."

Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, reported captured by American Forces at Sandy Hook, Jan. 8 or 9, 1780 (See Horner's book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" page 68.) was a first cousin of Jesse Woodward and was known as Anthony Woodward, Jr., before, during and after the Revolution. (See records of two deeds to property, previously quoted.)

In the book by Lorenzo Sabine (1864) on page 454 this author wrote as follows about Jesse Woodward, son of Jesse[3] Woodward:

"Woodward, Jesse. Of Monmouth County, New Jersey. Son of Jesse. After receiving a good education he chose a seaman's life and was absent on a voyage at the beginning of the struggle and remained abroad until its close. His political sympathies were, however, on the side of the Crown and he joined his father's family in emigrating to New Brunswick. He settled at St. John and was a shipmaster. He removed to Halifax in 1808 and died in Africa in 1832. Three sons and six daughters survived him. His son Isaac[5] Woodward of St. John was recently a county member of the House of Assembly."

All the facts about Anthony[3] Woodward, husband of Increase (Dennis) Woodward and son of William[2] Woodward, prove he was around Burlington and Monmouth Counties, New Jersey, in 1778, 1779, 1783 and 1795, that this Anthony

Woodward did not settle in Pennfield, New Brunswick, at the peace, that he produced an acknowledgement 1st mo.1st 1778, condemning his being so far in the spirit of war as to carry arms in show of defense and all of this supports the conclusion he was a patriot, each of his three sons receiving farm land in Monmouth County at his death. 1923338

Now with reference to the three sons of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward.

In relation to the Homestead Farm of Josiah[4] Woodward, son of Anthony and Increase (Dennis) Woodward, Evan M.[7] Woodward, of Wenonah, N.J. has in his Thomas[2] Woodward book a photograph of the house where Tilton[5] Woodward lived which was taken by Dr. Carl[8] Woodward in 1931 and which was located on the road leading southerly from Walns Mills. This Tilton[5] Woodward was a son of George[4] Woodward, who in turn was a son of Anthony[3], son of Anthony[2] Woodward. This Tilton Woodward was the great grandfather of Dr. Carl R. Woodward.

Josiah[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward (the son of William[2] Woodward) acquired the southerly part of his father's plantation, under the terms of his father's will, with houses and buildings on same. This will dated August 26, 1793, and proved July 28, 1795, has been previously mentioned in this manuscript. (See N.J. Archives Wills 1791-1795 page 409, State Record Lib.33 page 507)

Josiah[4] Woodward had a daughter, Susan Marie[5] Woodward, who married Tilton[5] Woodward, mentioned above. The homestead farm of Josiah Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, was devised by him to his daughter, Susan Marie, the first wife of Tilton Woodward. A description of this homestead farm is given in a manuscript by the Hon. George Sykes of New Jersey about 1867. This manuscript was not published as far as this writer knows, but a copy of the manuscript is in the possession of this writer. It reads as follows: "3rd. The farm containing 140 acres (exclusive of the 40 acres added to it from the 202 acres originally conveyed by Anthony[1] Woodward to his son John[2], which 140 acres formerly belonged to Josiah[4] Woodward was his homestead devised by him to his daughter Susan Marie[5] who married Tilton[5] Woodward and bounded easterly by Crosswicks Creek, northerly by the William T. Sexons farm, westerly by Abner[4] Woodward's homestead farm and John W. Cox's farm (which included the farm now belonging to Doctor George W. Canfield and extends on both sides of the road aforesaid leading southerly from Walns Mill.")

Dr. George W. Canfield was the father-in-law of Major Evan Morrison[5] Woodward, who lived at Ellisdale, N.J. in 1866 through 1883, not far from the home of Tilton[5] Woodward, previously mentioned.

Tilton[5] Woodward was born August 31, 1802 and died February 5, 1882. Interred in Cream Ridge Cemetery, Cream Ridge, N.J. His second wife was Alice Thompson, born April

April 16, 1812, died February 26, 1893. Interred in same cemetery.

In view of the fact the southerly part of the homestead farm and houses acquired by Josiah[4] Woodward from his father Anthony Woodward(son of William Woodward) were devised by Josiah Woodward to his daughter Susan Marie who married Tilton[5] Woodward, it is reasonable probable the photograph Evan M. Woodward, of Wenonah, N.J., has of the Tilton Woodward house on the road leading southerly from Walns Mills is on the property where Anthony[3] and Increase (Dennis) Woodward lived and raised their 10 children, 7 girls and 3 boys, namely Josiah, Jethro and William. As to whether the house where Tilton Woodward lived was one of the original houses on the homestead farm of Anthony[3] and Increase (Dennis) Woodward, at this time, this writer does not know. This data is additional proof that Josiah[4] Woodward, son of Anthony and Increas(Dennis) Woodward did not become a resident of Canada.

With reference to Jethro Woodward, son of Anthony and Increas (Dennis) Woodward, his will is recorded in New Jersey Archives, of Wills 1814-1817,page 491, which reads as follows:

"1814 March 14. Woodward, Jethro, of Upper Freehold Township, Monmouth County. Will of. Oldest daughter, Lucie Woodward (whose mother was Ann Bucklow) £ 800, to be paid to her when of age. Second daughter Sarah (whose mother

was the same) £ 500 when of age.

Daughter, Rebecca Woodward (whose mother is Rachel Chafey) £ 400. Rachel Chafey is now with child by me and if said child should live, to have £ 400 also. All estate to be sold and proceeds (afterdebts and above legacies are paid) to be equally divided beteen all my children and Rachel Chafey.
Executors: John Ridgeway and Nicholas Waln.
Witnesses: William Elliott, Jacob Metsgers, Ann Elliott.
Proved April 29, 1814.
1814-April 7. Inventory £ 707: 75 made by John Hankins, Apollo Meirs. State Record file 9123-M (Trenton, N.J.)

This will of Jethro Woodward, son of Anthony and Icrease(Dennis) Woodward is certainly proof that he, Jethro Woodward, did not become a resident of Canada.

As to William Woodward, son of Anthony and Increase (Dennis) Woodward mentioned in his father's will and who was willed the middle part of the home plantation on Crosswicks Creek when 21 and 1/3 of Cedar Swamp, no further records have been found by this writer to date about him. William Woodward was one of the executors of his father's will, proved July 28, 179 1795, and was undoubtedly living in Monmouth County at that time. However, on November 6, 1805, in connection with the estate of Anthony Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, a petition was filed which reads in part as follows: "1805, November 6. Petition of Josiah Woodward and Abner Woodward, surviving executors etc." In view of the wording of this

petition dated 11-6-1805 (See New Jersey Archives of Wills 1791 -1795, page 409) it is apparent William Woodward, the third named executor, son of Anthony Woodward was deceased as of November 6, 1805. This manuscript accounts for Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of William Woodward, and his three sons Josiah^{4} Jethro^{4} and William^{4}, proving he (Anthony Woodward) and his family (family consisting of 10 children) did not settle in Canada after the Revolution and I am sure the data in this manuscript proves Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of William^{2} Woodward, was a Patriot and carried arms in defense during the Revolutionary War.

This writer has compiled another manuscript which relates to Anthony^{3} Woodward, son of Anthony^{2} Woodward, who was actually known as Anthony Woodward, Jr., before, during and after the Revolutionary War and without doubt he was the Anthony Woodward who was captured by Colonial (American) Forces on Jan. 8 or 9, 1780, referred to by author William S. Horner in his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" (1932) page 68. See some records concerning this Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony, in this manuscript.

I have shown in my side notes ~~xxxxxxxxx~~ that David Coopwood Bintliff, of Houston, Texas, is a great-great-grandson of Abner and Clemence (Woodward) Woodward and a great-great-great grandson of Anthony^{3} and Increase (Dennis) Woodward, Anthony^{3} being the son of William^{2} Woodward.

David Coopwood Bintliff is a descendant of Anthony[1] Woodward, William[2] Woodward and Anthony[3] Woodward as follows:

(1) Anthony Woodward (1657-1729/30)
(2) William Woodward
(3) Anthony and Icrease (Dennis) Woodward
(4) Clemence and Abner Woodward who was a son of Thomas
(5) James B. Woodward and Mary Dela Montaigne
(6) Josephine Woodward and Bethel Coopwood
(7) Mary Elifida Coopwood and Charles Bintliff
(8) David Coopwood Bintliff and Alice Gilliam James

Children of David Coopwood and Alice (nee James) Bintliff

(9) Marjorie Ann Bintliff Johnson (Mrs. Raleigh W. Johnson)
(9) Beverly Bintliff Arnold (Mrs. Daniel C. Arnold)

With reference to Bethel Coopwood of Texas, the grandfather of David Coopwood Bintliff, we find in a very interesting book entitled "Kerr County, Texas, 1856-1956", author Bob Bennett, publisher- The Naylor Company, San Antonio, Texas, copyright 1956, on pages 200 to 210, Chapter XXIV, an interesting story entitled "Camels at Camp Verde". On page 210 we find a paragraph which reads as follows:

"The United States Government went out of the Camel business in 1866 when Bethel Coopwood, a Texas planter and lawyer bought sixty head of the animals at a price of $31.00 each. The camels were delivered to Coopwood at San Antonio in March, 1856. In 1869 the U.S.Troops were withdrawn from Camp Verde and the old fort was finally abandoned."

In conclusion, it appears from facts in this manuscript all direct descendants of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, and a great grandson of Anthony[1] Woodward are entitled to become members of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Sons of the American Revolution and the Sons of the Revolution.

The Colonial Service of Anthony[1] Woodward, the first, 1657-1729/30, shown on the preceeding pages of this Manuscript is sufficient for direct descendants of Anthony[1] Woodward to become members of the Colonial Dames and the Colonial Wars.

Evan M. Woodward

Feb. 1, 1958

ANTHONY[3] WOODWARD

(1725-1810)

son of Anthony[2] Woodward

(1695-1784)

A TORY of Monmouth County

New Jersey

- -

ALSO

PATRIOTS

GEORGE[3] WOODWARD

(1744-1817)

of Burlington County

New Jersey

and his wife

MARGARET (MOUNT) WOODWARD

(1756-1830)

who was from Monmouth County,

New Jersey prior to her

marriage.

ANTHONY[3] WOODWARD son of Anthony[2] Woodward.

From the Historical and Genealogical Miscellany by John E. Stillwell, M.D., Vol. V,New York 1932 page 420 and other sources we find this information:

14. Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward,5, is proven a son, as he names in his will a brother, George[3] Woodward. The name, George, is a Williams' name. Constance Williams, the wife of Anthony[2] Woodward,5, had a brother George Williams, after whom she apparently named her son, George[3] Woodward. Anthony[3] and Deborah Tilton Woodward named a daughter, Constant[4], after her grandmother, Constant (Williams) Woodward. She (Constant[4] Woodward, married, first Oliver Potter 1-7-1786. (See his will N.J.A.Wills 1791-1795 p.288 dated 11-20-1794 proved 1-15-1795 and N.J.A. Mar. 1665-1800 page 459). Her second husband was Israel Williams. (See "This Old Monmouth of Ours", page 109-Constant (Woodward-Potter) Williams died 6-11-1804.) Israel Williams died between Aug.17,1807 and Dec.9,1807.(See his will N.J.A.Wills 1806-1809 page 375.)

Anthony[3] Woodward resided, at the date of his will was made, at Upper Freehold. He was of Chesterfield when he married, between Apr. 5 and May 3,1756, Deborah Tilton, who was born in 1734, as two of his children, at least name a child Deborah. Further, his son, Nimrod[4] signed as witness, to the marriage of his cousin Phebe Williams. (See Stillwell's Hist. Miscellany, Vol.II p. 318)

Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward was dealt with by the Chesterfield Friends Meeting for bearing arms, 1777-8.

He was a Loyalist, for in the memorial of Samuel Stillwell, of Upper Freehold, he, Samuel Stillwell, states that he joined the Royal Army in 1776, and was attainted in 1777; that he has a wife and family; that he had a farm of about one hundred and fifty acres, and that he was born in Monmouth County. Further he produced a copy of the last will and testament of his father, Samuel Stillwell, dated Nov. 2, 1753, which left claimant, as soon as he arrived at the age of twenty-one years, his property. The testimony of Anthony Woodward was taken in favor of the claimant, and he swore that he was uncle to said claimant. The American Loyalist, Audit Office, MS in 16 volumes, Lennox Library, New York City, Vol. 16, p. 101.

"Woodward, Anthony. Of New Jersey. Petition in his behalf (May, 1776), to the Provincial Congress, setting forth the distressed condition of his wife and children; that, hunted by bands of armed men, he had been driven, contrary to his intention, to the King's troops for shelter; and praying for leave to "return to his rank and station in the community." "At the peace settled at Pennfield, New Brunswick." Sabine's Loyalists, Vol. II p.455.

1776, June 26. An order was issued, by the Council of Safety, to apprehend and deliver to the keeper of the common goal, of the county of Gloucester, Anthony Woodward, Jr., and Thomas Lewis Woodward. July 1, following, Thomas Lewis Woodward executed a bond, in the penalty of five hundred pounds, to "in no wise knowingly or willingly act inimically or unfriendly to the cause of the United Colonies."

1776, July 17. "The petition of George[3] Woodward, setting forth the distressed situation of the wife and children of Anthony[3] Woodward, who had been hunted by bands of armed men, and driven, contrary to his intention, to the King's troops, for shelter and protection; was read and ordered a second reading."

(Ibid page 421 continued)

1777 Aug. 10 Inventory of the estate of Anthony Woodward, of Monmouth County, a person who had absconded from his home and joined the enemy, was read and filed.

1778, June 26. "Anthony Woodward, who went over to the enemy two years ago and lately taken by a party of Militia, was brought before the Board; his case being considered of, Agreed that he be committeed for the present to Morristown Goal."

At a meeting of the Council of Safety, at Morristown, Aug. 4, 1778, it was "Agreed that Uriah West and Anthony Woodward, alias little Anthony, be committed

to the Goal, in this place, for high Treason."

1778, Sept. 1. At a meeting of the Council of Safety, at Princeton, it was "Agreed that Anthony Woodward be offered in exchange for Mr. Peter Imlay."

Anthony[3] Woodward was a fuller by trade.

1809, Sept. 9 He made his will: proved Feb. 14, 1810, in which he mentioned:

his brother, Israel[3] and George[3]; his children; and Valariah Smith, daughter of John Smith, whom I cannot place.

Issue as per will

30. Anthony[4] Woodward

31. Nimrod T. Woodward born 1-20-1765; died 8-24-1829; married 1-3-1796 Anne Williams. The will also mentions his daughters, Eliza[5] and Deborah[5].

32. Benjamin Woodward. The will also mentioned his daughter Lydia Ann.

33. George[4] Woodward

34. Margaret Woodward. The will mentions her as Margaret Ivins, wife of Israel Ivins, and her children, Anthony, Samuel, Robert, Moses, George, James and Charles

35. Constant Woodward. The will mentions her as Constant Williams, and her children viz: Hannah Wooley, Samuel Potter, and Anthony Woodward Williams.

36. Valariah Woodward. The will mentions her as Valariah Tallman, and her children, viz; Sarah Deborah,

Ann Woodward Tallman, and Augustine Tallman.

Margaret[3](Woodward) Smith, sister of Anthony[3] Woodward, both children of Anthony[2] mentions in her will as follows:

son Richard Smith

" Samuel Stillwell

dtr. Elizabeth Smith

". Hannah Walker

" Mary Lawrie

Her first husband was Samuel Stillwell, (Horner wrote Capt. Jeremiah Stillwell, in error.) It should be Samuel Stillwell. Her second husband was Gilbert Smith, (N.J.A. Mar. 1665-1800 p. 385) They were married 5-5-1762. See will of Margaret (Woodward-Stillwell) Smith, N.J.A. Wills 1810-1813 page 347. Also see will of Samuel Stillwell nov.2, 1753 reported in N.J.A. Wills 1751-1760 page 309 wife Margaret and son Samuel Stillwell.

Will of Anthony[3] Woodward son of Anthony[2] Woodward

New Jersey Archive of Wills page 432 1810-1813 (abstract)

1809, Sept. 9 Woodward, Anthony, of Upper Freehhold Township, Monmouth County, Will of. Son Anthony[4], 20 shillings, having been provided for otherwise.

Son, Nimrod, £ 250, and to his daughter, Eliza Woodward, £ 50, to be at interest until she is 21, and if she should die before that time, same to her sister Deborah.

Son, Benjamin, £ 20, to be laid out in sliver spoons for his daughter Lydia Ann Woodward.

Son George, all that plantation whereon he now lives (bounded northerly by the great road---John Holmes--Ezra Ellis) he paying £ 800.

Daughter Margaret (wife of Isnael Ivins), interest of £ 800 during her life, and at her death, principal to be divided between her children, i.2. Anthony, Samuel Robert, Moses, George, James and Charles, until they are 21.

Daughter, Constance Williams' 3 children,i.e. Hannah Wooley £ 150; grand son Samuel Potter, £ 325 and grand son Anthony Woodward Williams, £25. If either grand sons should die before 21, his share to survivor.

Daughter, Valariah Talman's 3 children, i.e. Sarah Deborah, Ann Woodward Talman and Augustine Talman, £ 800 to be divided equally when 21.

Grandson Anthony Ivins, £ 50. To Valariah Smith, (daughter of John Smith) £ 10.

Any estate not heretofor given to be sold by executors and proceeds divided amongst legatees.

My earing apparel to two grandsons, Robert Ivins and Samuel Potter.

Executors- sons Anthony[4] and Nimrod[4]. If any dispute or trouble arise as to settling my estate, I appoint my loving brothers, Israel and George full authority to settle all such differences.

Witnesses- James Handline, Caleb Kirby, John Chapman.

Proved, February 14, 1810- State record 8877 Monmouth 1810 February 13, Inventory, $1,464.70 made by John P. Lawrence, Caleb Kirby.

NOTE This will does not mention Deborah (Tilton) Woodward, wife of Anthony[3] Woodward. Therefore, it appears she was deceased as of September 9, 1809 when he made the above mentioned will.

1. Anthony Woodward the First (1657-1729)
2. Anthony Woodward born 1695 died Will proved Nov.2,1785
3. Anthony^{3} Woodward born about 1725 Died Jan.20, 1810

his children

4. Anthony Woodward
4. Nimrod Woodward
4. Benjamin Woodward
4. George Woodward
4. Constant Woodward
4. Margaret Woodward
4. Valariah Woodward

7 children

---

3. George^{3} Woodward born 1744 Died 12-25-1817

son of Anthony^{2} Woodward (1595-1784)

his children

4. Lydia Woodward
4. Margaret Woodward
4. Jesse Woodward died without issue at White Hill, N.J.
4. Rebecca Woodward
4. Martha Woodward
4. Anthony Woodward born 1796,killed in an accident in 1817 aged 21 years
4. James S. Woodward born 11-15-1790 died 10-2-1862
4. George W. Woodward

8 children

George[3] Woodward, born 1744, married Margaret Mount, August 21st,1780 (N.J.A. Marriages 1665-1800 p.284) and page 442) He died December 25, 1817, aged 73 years. He was of Burlington County and Margaret Mount was of Monmouth County, N.J.

Margaret Mount was born near Middletown, Monmouth County, in 1756 and died at White Hill, on the Delaware, May 4, 1830, aged 74 years.

James[4] Syrles Woodward, was born Nov. 15, 1790 and died October 2, 1862, aged 72 years. He was married to Rebecca Anna De-la-Montaigne, March 16th,1815 by the Rev. Dr. Abercrombie. She was born July 3, 1797 and died July 3, 1871, aged 74.

James[4] Surles Woodward 1790-1862

Anthony[5] W. Woodward	Major Evan[5] Morrison Woodward
Evan Morrison[6] Woodward	Reginald[6] Heber Woodward
Evan Morrison[7] Woodward of Wenonah, N.J.	Virginia[7] Woodward
Albert[8] Morrison Woodward of Wenonah, N.J.	

The line of Mrs. Lilian (Durell) Snyder, of 311 Cooper Street, Woodbury, N.J., who has in her possession the original Family Bible of Anthony[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward, comes down as follows:

Anthony[3] Woodward

Anthony[4] Woodward



Hannah Ann[5](Woodward) Durell, wife of Rev. Edward Hicks Durell

Anthony[6] Woodward Durell

Lilian[7] Durell, wife of George H.S.Snyder

Deborah[8] Durell Snyder) two children of George
Anthony[8] Woodward Snyder) H.S.Snyder and Lilian (Durell) Snyder (7)

Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward.

Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward and Constance (Williams) Woodward, was born in 1725. He married Deborah Tilton 5 mo 3rd 1756. In connection with this marriage the following records are of great interest. Deborah[5] Tilton was a daughter of Robert[4] and Miriam (Allen) Tilton of Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting of Friends.

"Anthony Woodward of Chesterfield Monthly Meeting and Deborah Tilton of Shrewsbury declared the first time their intention of marriage with each other." The Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting Records, 3 mo 1st,1756.
"Chesterfield Monthly Meeting held 2 mo 5, 1756"
Anthony Woodward requests certificate for his son Anthony[3] Woodward on account of marriage with a Friend of Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting."

"Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting 4 mo 5, 1756"
"Anthony Woodward and Deborah Tilton declare their intentions of Marriage the second time. He produced a certificate from Chesterfield Monthly Meeting and they are left at liberty to proceed and accomplish their marriage."

"Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting 5 mo 3, 1756."
"The marriage of Anthony Woodward and Deborah Tilton is reported as accomplished in an orderly manner."

A certificate of membership was granted by the Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting of Friends to Deborah

Woodward to Chesterfield Monthly Meeting.

Deborah Tilton was born 11 mo 31st 1734 and was a daughter of Robert[4] Tilton.

The Tilton Line (Satterthwaite mss.)

John Tilton, died at Gravesend- 1688

Peter Tilton, born Jan. 1642 died in N.J. 10 mo 15, 1700

John Tilton born 1 mo 11th 1659

Robert[4] Tilton married Miriam Allen

Deborah Tilton married Anthony Woodward son of Anthony Woodward

Robert[4] Tilton son of John[3] Tilton, married 11 mo 6th 1731 to Miriam[5] Allen (Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting records.)

Miriam Allen was a daughter of Ralph and Margaret Allen, born 10 mo 2nd,1712. Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting Records.

In a book entitled "Biographical Sketches of Loyalists of the American Revolution with an Historical Essay" published by Little, Brown and Co., Boston, Mass. in 1864, the author of which was Lorenzo Sabine, Vol. 2 page 455 this author wrote as follows:

"Woodward, Anthony. Of New Jersey. Petition in his behalf, (May, 1776) to the Provisional Congress, setting forth the distressed condition of his wife and children; that hunted by bands of armed men, he had been driven contrary to his intention, to the Kings Troops for shelter; and praying for leave to return to his rank and station in the community. At the peace he settled at Pennfield, New Brunswick." Author Sabine did not identify which Anthony Woodward this was.

In another book entitled "The Loyalists of New Jersey by E. Alfred Jones, M.A.*F.R., Historical Society-Collection of the New Jersey Historical Society, Vol.X, Newark, N.J. and published by the Society,(1927), page 245 reads as follows:-

"Anthony Woodward, a Quaker of Monmouth County, New Jersey, who was obliged to abandon his property because of his loyalty. He joined the British Army in 1776. He was declared guilty of high treason by the State of New Jersey and his property confiscated in 1779. His losses included several plantations, valued at £ 5,068 currency.

Equal to £ 3,040.16s in sterling. A disposition of truth of his statements regarding his property was made by Henry Edward Knox, Samuel Woodward and Richard Robbins (A.O: 82 in A.O. 12:85: Sabine." Author E. Alfred Jones did not identify which Anthony Woodward this was.

Author William S. Horner in his book, "This Old Monmouth of Ours",(1932) published by Moreau Brothers, Freehold, N.J. wrote on page 68 as follows: "This Anthony abandoned his property in Monmouth and joined the Kings Forces in 1776. He was a large land holder, owning several plantations. These were sold under confiscation procedure in 1779 and brought upwards of fifteen thousand dollars in gold. Anthony Woodward,Jr who it is probable, had lived in Shrewsbury Township before the beginning of hostilities." He further stated on page 68; "He was either son or grandson of Anthony Woodward of Upper Freehold, who died in 1750."

Now with reference to Anthony^{2} Woodward,Jr., son of Anthony^{1} Woodward, the first, he was born in 1695. He married Constance Williams, 10 mo 2, 1718. On June 1st 1770 he made his will which was proved November 2, 1784. (N.J.A.Wills 1781-1785 p. 455 Lib.25 p. 439) He named his son George^{3} Woodward Executor of his estate and his son Anthony^{3} Woodward received under the terms of his will, £ 100. This Anthony^{2} Woodward, was therefore 82 years old in 1777 and certainly would

not have been a soldier on either side of the war in 1776 or 1777. The son of this Anthony[2] Woodward, namely Anthony[3] Woodward was Anthony, the third and not Junior. This will proves one thing and that is Anthony[2] Woodward, Jr., was deceased prior to November 2, 1784, when his will was proved.

From the Department of Records of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting of the Religious Society of Friends, 302 Arch Street, Philadelphia -6-, Pennsylvania, under date of October 15, 1957, from Mary Ogilvie, Secretary, Department of Records, this writer received the following records of minutes of two Chesterfield Monthly Meetings, which read as follows:

Chesterfield M.M.

Book II page 418

1777-7mo.5. The Preparative Meeting of Upper Freehold reports that Anthony Woodward son of Anthony, Jesse Woodward and his son John Woodward, having appeared under arms in a hostile manner, were active in Military services, and being some distance from home cannot be spoken with.

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1777-9 mo 4. The Friends appointed to that service produced a testification against Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony and John Woodward, son of Jesse and Jesse Woodward, for appearing under arms in a warlike or hostile manner; and the said Anthony and John being as we apprehend with the British forces, and the said Jesse being now

a considerable distance from home they cannot readily be spoken with and therefore the wholesome rules of our discipline in treating with them on the occasion, cannot be performed and the reputation of the Society seems to suffer by their conduct, the said testification was read and approved and Nathan Wright and Caleb Ogburn are appointed to serve them with a copy and let them know of their right of appeal, when it can be done, and report to a future Meeting.

In the opinion of the writer, there appears to be a definite connection between the two Quaker records I have quoted and what was written by Author Lorenzo Sabine in his book Vol. 2, page 455, concerning a Petition made in behalf of Anthony Woodward in 1776. However, this writer questions the last sentence of what author Sabine wrote, namely: "At the peace he settled at Pennfield, New Brunswick."

Cornwallis, British General and Stateman, surrended to General Washington at Yorktown, Va., October 19, 1781.

Declaration of Independence, second Continental Congress, July 4, 1776.

There was another Anthony[3] Woodward, a son of William[2] Woodward, who carried arms in defense during the Revolutionary War. Both Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward and Anthony Woodward son of Anthony Woodward were members of the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting, of Crosswicks, New Jersey.

I think at this point I should add the Quaker Meeting Minutes of 1 mo 1st day, 1778, which refers to Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward.

"Chesterfield Monthly Meeting Minutes
1778 First day of First Month Book II page 432
"Anthony Woodward son of William Woodward produced an acknowledgement condemning his being so far in the spirit of war as to carry arms in show of Defense, which was read and received."

In a book entitled "Biographical Sketches of Loyalists of the American Revolution with an Historical Essay" by author Lorenzo Sabine, published by Little, Brown and Company, Boston, 1864, this author wrote on page 454 as follows:

"Woodward, Jesse. Of Monmouth County, New Jers y. His ancestor came to America three years after William Penn, and built a stone house, which is (1847) still standing. He was a man of consequence in his neighborhood, and was employed by Lord Cornwallis to contract for stores and forage for the Royal Army. When his Lordship left that part of the country, considerable sums were due to persons of whom Mr. Woodward had made purchases, for which he was held accountable; and unable to make payments, he was imprisoned by the Whig authorities, and remained in confinement three years. In 1783 he removed to Beaver Harbor, New Brunswick and thence to St. John, where he died. He belonged to the Religious Society of the Friends, or Quakers."

This is the Jesse[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward, referred to in the Quaker Meeting minutes of 1777 7 mo. 3 and 9 mo. 4, previously stated.

Author Sabine, in the same book on page 454 wrote: "Woodward, Jesse. Of Monmouth County, New Jersey. Son of Jesse. After receiving a good education, he chose a seaman's life, and was absent on a voyage at the beginning of the struggle, and remained abroad until it closed. His political sympathies were, however, on the side of the Crown, and he joined his father's family in emigrating to New Brunswick. He settled at St. John, and was a shipmaster. He removed to Halifax in 1808; and died in Africa in 1832. Three sons and six daughters survived him. His son Isaac Woodward, of St. John, was recently a County member of the House of Assembly."

In a book entitled "This Old Monmouth of Ours", by author William S. Horner (1932) published by Moreau Brothers, Freehold, N.J. this author wrote on page 359 as follows: "Jesse Woodward (19) son of William (5), married Mary Cheshire. He was also a Tory and joined the British armed forces. He had two sons, both active Tories. Isaac (35), who died in New Brunswick, Canada, leaving a family afterwards prominent; and John (36).

In a book entitled "Bordentown and Its Environs", author Major Evan[5] Morrison Woodward, (1876) which book is in the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, 13th and

Locust Sts., Phila. Pa., on page 189 Major Woodward wrote as follows:- "Jesse received from his father in 1764, the farm now of Edward W. Howard. He married Mary Cheshire and had sons Isaac[4] and John[4]. During the Revolution he and his sons were Tories, and upon close of the war removed to the British possessions, his grandson, Isaac[5], becoming Mayor of St. John, New Brunswick, and John holding an important commission under the British government. Both of them are now living, Isaac having raised a family and John remaining single."

I have written this much about Jesse[3] Woodward and his family to show just how various authors wrote concerning him and because of his connection (Jesse[3] Woodward) with the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting and what appears in the Chesterfield Monthly Meeting Minutes of 7 mo.3 and 9 mo. 4, 1777, Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward being mentioned in both of these Quaker Meeting minutes.

All that Author William S. Horner wrote about Anthony Woodward son of Anthony Woodward in his genealogy of the Woodward Family in his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours", (1932) on page 359 is as follows:- "Anthony Woodward (32) son of Anthony (10) married Deborah Williams, of Shrewsbury. They had at least one child, George (45)." This author has the wrong maiden name for his wife. It should read Deborah[5] Tilton.

Major Evan Morrison Woodward in his b ok "Bordentown and Its Environs", previously mentioned, on page 191 wrote: "Anthony[3] Woodward married Deborah Williams, of Shrewsbury. His son George[4] married Jemima Shinn." This is all he wrote about Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward. He, like author Horner, has the wrong maiden name of his wife, which should have been Deborah[5] Tilton. It looks as though author Horner in 1932 followed what Major E.M.Woodward wrote in 1876.

Up to this point the only author I have noted who stated at the peace Anthony Woodward settled in New Brunswick, Canada, was Lorenzo Sabine in his book published in 1864 page 455 and he did not establish which Anthony Woodward this was.

There is one fact clearly established in connection with the Quaker Meeting minutes of 7 mo. 3rd and 9 mo. 4, 1777, that is Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward and Jesse Woodward (known to have been a son of William[2] Woodward) were first cousins.

Also, Anthony, son of Anthony Woodward and Anthony Woodward, son of William Woodward, were first cousins, Anthony[2] and William[2] Woodward being brothers.

In view of what appears in the Quaker Meeting minutes of 1 mo. 1st, 1778, regarding Anthony[3] Woodward, son of William Woodward he carried arms in defense and was a Patriot.

In view of what Author Lorenzo Sabine wrote regarding Jesse[3] Woodward, a first cousin of Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward, namely he was employed by Lord Cornwallis to contract for stores and forage for the Royal Army, and what Author William S. Horner wrote on page 68 of his book- "This Old Monmouth of Ours", which facts will follow, regarding Anthony[3] Woodward, this writer feels it is quite possible Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward felt it was right and proper to assist the British cause or assist his first cousin Jesse[3] Woodward, son of William[2] Woodward and in so doing he became a Loyalist, rather than a Patriot.

Now we come to the story about the capture of Anthony[3] Woodward, about January 9th or 9th, 1780 as written by Author William S. Horner in his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" (1932) which appears on page 68. Author Horner does not disclose the source of the facts he has stated, but certainly he got this data from what some other author or authority wrote at a much earlier date.

"Raid on Sandy Hook."

"There was a brief interval about January 8 ot 9th 1780, in which the outer waters of the Lower Bay and those about Sandy Hook were comparatively free from ice, which had been swept out to sea after being broken

up in the late severe storm. At this time Major Lee of the Rangers or Dragoons, set on foot one of those exploits to be executed at a point distant from his headquarters (at that time probably near Burlington) for which he and his men had already become famous. Acting on information, he sent a small detachment of his troops to make a daring visitation on Sandy Hook. The party was composed of a sergeant, a corporal and eight men. They reached the Hook by boat, and landed within a half-mile of the light house. Once on shore they proceeded directly to the house that was the objective of their expedition. They silently surrounded this, then approaching the door, summoned the occupants to surrender. These, seven in number, made no resistance nor any attempt to reach their weapons. Soon they were being herded, their arms bound behind their backs, toward the waiting boats, under guard of two men. Among them was a son of Anthony Woodward."

"The others of the American party quickly and thoroughly searched the premises. They found packages of dry goods and small wares, which bore evidence that they had been sent from New York in the course of a regular trade. They also found a quantity of specie. Besides these, they found a large amount of counterfeit Continental currency-over $45,000. in face value. All this with their prisoners, they brought away in their boat without being molested. The origin of the

counterfeits was not discovered."

"Anthony Woodward Captured"

"Anthony Woodward was a member of the well-known Monmouth County Quaker family of that name. He was either a son or grandson of the Anthony Woodward, of Upper Freehold, who died in 1730. He was, I think, the same man who, some ten years or so before breaking out of the Revolution, became involved in a contention with Sheriff Daniel Ellis,(Son of Rowland). Woodward being the complainant. This affair was brought before the Governor and his Council, where it was decided against Woodward. This Anthony abandoned his property in Monmouth and joined the Kings forces in 1776. He was a large land holder, owning several plantations. These were sold under confiscation procedure in 1779 and brought upwards of fifteen thousand dollars in gold."

"Several of his sons likewise served with the British, and some of them settled in Canada after the war. The son in question taken by Major Lee's party at Sandy Hook, was, I believe, Anthony Woodward, Jr., who it is probable, had lived in Shrewsbury Township before the beginning of hostilities." (unquote)

This data establishes the fact Anthony Woodward (Horner says"I believe Anthony Woodward, Jr.,") was an American prisoner as of January 8 or 9, 1780.

This writer feels from facts at hand, author William S. Horner in his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" (1932) page 68 is talking about a Continental Army Officer named Henry Lee (1756-1818) who was in New Jersey in August, 1779. In a book entitled "World Wide Illustrated Enclyclopedia by Authors C. Ralph Taylor and Carl Van Doren (1934) on page 292 we find the following facts:

"Lee, Henry (1756--1818) American soldier, the father of Robert E. Lee. He entered the Continental army as a Captain in March, 1777, and by the celerity of his movements earned the sobriquet "Light-horse Harry". His most brilliant exploit was his successful attack on Paulus Hook, N.J. in August 1779; for this he received from Congress a commemorative medal and a vote of thanks for his remarkable prudence, address and bravery. Unlike his brother, Richard Henry Lee, he advocated the ratification of Virginia of the Federal Constitution of 1787; and though he was at first strongly opposed to the centralizing policies of Alexander Hamilton after the organization of the National Government, he gradually identified himself with the Federalists. In 1799-1801 he was a Federalist representative in Congress, delivering a memorial oration at the time of Washington's death in which Washington was spoken of as "<u>first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen.</u>" (unquote)

In the Encyclopaedia Britannica, Vol. 13 page 861 we find:-

"Lee, Henry (1756-1818), American General called "Light Horse Harry", was born near Dumfries, (Va) on January 29, 1756. His father was first cousin of Richard Henry Lee. He graduated (1773) at Princeton, and on the out break of the war of Independance, became an officer in the patriot forces. He served with distinstion under Washington and in 1778 was promoted Major and given the command of a small irregular corps, with which he won a great reputation as a leader of light troops, and the soubriquet of "Light Horse Harry".

"His greatest exploit was the brilliant surprise of Paulus Hook (N.J) on August 19, 1779. He was promoted Lieutenant-Colorel 1780, and sent with a picked corps of dragoons to the southern theatre of war."

Paulus Hook- Jersey City

Reference- History of the Chapter Names of the New Jersey State Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution (1957) by Mary Wendall Wagner, State Historian.

"#31 Bergen-Paulus Hook Chapter, Jersey City."

"Bergen-Paulus Hook Chapter is the result of a merger of two chapters. The older chapter Paulus Hook, was organized on Ap il 20, 1899 by Mrs. Joseph S. Bedle. This chapter was named in honor of a trading post which was established at Paulus Hook in 1633. This early

trading post was named after Michael Pauw (Paulas or Paulusen), a burgomaster of Amsterdam, and was near the present site of Jersey City."

"In 1779, the Battle of Paulus Hook took place at Grand and Greene Streets. The British Fort was on an Island near these streets and was stormed by "Light Horse Harry" Lee and three hundred men. This was considered by General Washington to be one of the most important events of the war."

We, therefore have the Battle of Paulus Hook, N.J. August 19, 1779, with"Light Horse Harry" Lee in charge of American Forces 300 strong and the visitation of troops of "Light Horse Harry" Lee on Sandy Hook, N.J., about January 8 or 9th, 1780, in which raid Anthony Woodward was captured by American Forces of Major Lee, wich consisted of a seggeant, a corporal and eight men, according to author William S. Horner, in his book, "This Old Monmouth of Ours" (1932) page 68.

Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward was born in 1725 (Manuscript of Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite, 1922) and in 1780 he was 55 years old. He married Deborah[5] Tilton, 5 mo. 3rd, 1756. (Shrewsbury Monthly Meeting Record.) He died 1 mo. 20th, 1810. (Anthony[4] Woodward Bible Record now in possession of Mrs. Lilian (Durell) Snyder, of 311 Cooper Street, Woodbury, N.J.)

Anthony[3] Woodward, son of Anthony[2] Woodward was of Upper Freehold Township, Monmouth County, New Jersey. (See his will made September 9, 1809, and proved February 14, 1810. N.J.Archives Wills 1810-1813 page 432 N.J. State records at Trenton, 887 Monmouth)

Anthony[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward was born 10 mo. 13, 1760. (From Bible record previously mentioned) and in 1780 he was only 20 years of age. He married Kezia ---- 5 mo 8th 1783 and died 5 mo 9th 1840 (same bible record). He was therefore 23 years old when he married in 1783 and 80 years old when he died in Upper Freehold Township, Monmouth County, New Jersey.

In a Manuscript ofthe Woodward Family compiled in 1931 by Lafayette Schenck, of Cream Ridge, N.J. (Copy of which is in possession of this writer) I find on page 3 and 4 the following facts of interest:

"(32) Anthony. He was known as Anthony Woodward, Jr. when he purchased the Thomas Harrison farm in 1769 recorded in Liber Gloucester C. page 117-Upper Freehold, May 20, 1769."

He divided his farm in half, after first purchasing a tract between part of his land and Burlington Path of the James Lawrence Estate and established his son Benjamin on the present Schanck farm 1795 (about); and resided on the other part with his son George,

which he willed to him as follows: "I give to my son George Woodward all that plantation whereon he now lives bounded northerly along the great road to the north side and easterly by John Holmes and Ezra Ellis' land, and southerly by Jas. Holmes deceased and James (I think) Lawrence, and westerly by Benjamin Woodward lying and being in the Township of Upper Freehold, provided he must pay 800 pounds to the other heirs."

On page 4 of same manuscript appears the following:- "Benjamin[4]. He farmed the property deeded to him in 1794-95, t the present Schanck farm, but subsequently purchased the mill property at Imlaytown of John Lloyd and Edward Taylor and willed it to Sydney[5]." On page 5 of this manuscript by Schanck- "Sidney was a son of Benjamin Woodward and a grandson of Anthony[3] Woodward.

In the manuscript written by Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite in 1922 there appears the following which concerns Anthony[3] Woodward and his son Anthony Woodward:- "Anthony Woodward received land by deed from his parents Anthony and Deborah (Tilton) Woodward, dated June 1, 1794. (Monmouth County Deeds Vol. 149,page 48) Anthony[4] Woodward was therefore 34 years old when he was deeded this property.

In the manuscript of the Woodward Family of Burlington and Monmouth Counties by Lafayette Schenck (1931) he wrote "(10) Anthony[2], son of Anthony[1], of Derbyshire,

purchased a house in Crosswicks, recorded in Liber R. of Deeds, page 538 Chesterfield Township April 22, 1756, Anthony Woodward, Junior (3rd) witnesses said deed." This again establishes the fact that Anthony[3] Woodward, the third, son of Anthony Woodward, considered himself as Anthony Woodward, Jr., in 1756.

We now know both Anthony[3] Woodward and Anthony[4] Woodward were in Monmouth County, New Jersey in 1794, and not residents of Canada at that time. ANTHONY[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward was in New Jersey 5 mo 8th 1783-when he married Kezia -----(Bible Record).

Anthony[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward, died intestate, May 9, 1840-at age 80 years (Bible Record) and Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite manuscript pages 45 & 48.)

Further proof that Anthony[3] Woodward, who married Deborah Tilton 5 mo 3rd 1756, was known as Anthony Woodward,Jr., in 1770 and in 1785 is contained in the following deed data.

"Vol. J of Deeds, page 138 (Monmouth Co. Clerks Office)

"1 March 1770 Anthony Woodward, Jr., of Upper Freehold Township and wife Deborah of one part and Israel[3] Woodward of same place of 2nd part. For 1000 pounds sells plantation in said Twsp. which he bought of Thomas Woodward, Esq. and he of Jonathan Borden 13 Jan. 1735 and bounded by Samuel Imlay and Daniel Sexton and formerly Joseph Arney and Crosswicks Creek. Witness Joseph Holmes, Jr., and Richard Robins."

Note by E.M.W. Israel[3] Woodward was a brother of Anthony[3] Woodward, both being sons of Anthony[2] Woodward.

"Vol. 1 of Deeds page 136 (Monmouth Co., Clerks Office.) "1 Feb. 1785 Anthony Woodward,Jr., of Upper Freehold Twsp. and wife Deborah of one part and Israel Woodward of same place of 2nd part." "For 500 pounds grants land No. 6 in said Twp. of 432 acres excepting 2 lots out, one a 3 square piece called the Church land and the other a 10 acre lot reserved out for said Anthony Woodward the Grantor at Francis Shinns Corner."

Wit. Rich[d] Potts
Joseph Woodward
Israel Ivins"

"Anthony Woodward"
"Deborah Woodward"

Again, in 1785, Israel Woodward, brother of Anthony Woodward mentioned. Note the witness Israel Ivins, who was the husband of Margaret Woodward, daughter of Anthony Woodward. In other words Israel Ivins was the son-in-law of Anthony and Deborah (Tilton) Woodward. See will of Anthony Woodward in manuscript of Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite (1922) pages 37 to 40 inc. 1177-M of Wills also N.J. Arch of Wills 1810-1813 page 432.

We certainly now know who Anthony Woodward, Jr., was before, during and after the Revolutionary War.

When you go back to the wording of the Petition of 1776, referred to by Author Lorenzo Sabine (1864) which I have quoted on page 13 of this manuscript

particularly what is said about the distressed condition of the wife and children of Anthony Woodward in 1776, it certainly seems reasonable to conclude the Quaker Meeting Records of 7 mo. 3rd and 9 mo. 4, 1777, the Petition record of 1776 and what Author William S. Horner wrote in his book "This Old Monmouth of Ours" (1932) page 68, all refer to Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, who married Deborah Tilton, 5 mo 3- 1756, and who was known as Anthony Woodward, Jr., nefore, during and after the Revolutionary War. We know this Anthony Woodward had young children in 1776.

His son Anthony[4] Woodward was born 10 mo-13 1760, and married 5 mo 8- 1783; (Anthony Woodward's Bible Record) at which time he was about 23 years old. In 1776 he was only 16 years old, and, of course, unmarried.

Anthony Woodward, son of Anthony Woodward, made his will Sept. 9, 1809, and named Anthony Woodward and Nimrod Woodward, two of his sons Executors. He mentions in all 7 children in this will. (See N.J.A.Wills 1810-1813 page 432-8877 M) The names of these children of Anthony Woodward were:-

(4) Anthony Woodward, born 10 mo. 13, 1760 (Anthony Woodward Bible Record) he married (1) Kezia ---- 5 mo. 8, 1783. She was born 3 mo 12, 1761 and died 2 mo 3. 1822. He married (2) Caroline Van Hise, 8 mo 23, 1825. He died intestate 5-9-1840. (See Deed of Caroline Woodward

Et Als. dated 3-19-1859 Vol. 149 of Deeds, page 48 Monmouth County. For the names of the children of Anthony[4] Woodward, see Bible Record (his own Bible.)

(4) Nimrod Woodward, born Jan. 20, 1765. He married 1-3-1796 Anne Williams, a daughter of Edmund Williams. (See will of Edmund Williams, N.J.A.Wills 1810-1813 page 424-File 8991 M) In this will he mentions his daughter Anne Woodward, and his son-in-law, Nimrod Woodward, as co-executors. He died August 24, 1829. His will recorded in 1829 recorded under No. 9873 M

(4) Benjamin Woodward, born He married Mary Cowperthwaite, a daughter of John and Ann (Potter) Cowperthwaite. (See will of John Cowperthwaite, dated Nov. 20, 1791, in which he mentions his daughter Mary Woodward and his son-in-law, Benjamin Woodward. (N.J.A. Wills 1791-1795 page 92 Lib.33 page 515 File 7215-7220-M) He died 1842, and his will recorded in Monmouth County.

(4) George Woodward, born

He married Jemima Shinn.

(4) Constant Woodward was born She married (1) Oliver Potter, Jan. 7, 1786 (See N.J.A. Marriages 1665-1800 page 459) Her husband Oliver Potter died after Nov. 20, 1794 and before Jan. 15, 1795, on which date his will was proved. (See N.J.A.Wills 1791-1795 page 288)

Constant (Woodward) Potter married (2) Israel Williams, who was born 5-13-1760 at Shrewsbury, N.J. The first wife of Israel Williams was Bathsheba (Woodmansee) Williams, and she died 12-9-1800. Therefore second marriage of Constant (Woodward) Potter was after 12-9-1800. Constant (Woodward) (Potter) Williams died 5-11-1804. Her second husband Israel Williams died after August 17, 1807 and before Dec. 9, 1807, on which date his will was proved. (See his will N.J. A. Wills 1806-1809 page 375-File 8748 M.)

(4) Margaret Woodward was born she married Israel Ivins and he was still living in 1810 She is mentioned in her father's will (Anthony Woodward) (See N.J.A.Wills 1810-1813 page 432 proved Feb. 14, 1810) Her children mentioned in will of her father were Anthony, Samuel, Robert, Moses, George, James and Charles.

(4) Valariah Woodward, born ---- she married--- Talman on ------ and had children:-

Sarah Deborah Talman)
Ann Woodward Talman) these three children mentioned in will of her father Anthony (3) Woodward. N.J.A. Wills 1810-1813 page 432
Augustine Talman)

See will of Joseph Talman, dated Mar. 25, 1784 proved April 22, 1784 (N.J.A.Wills 1781-1784 page 385. Lib. 25 page 510.) His will does not mention the name of his wife, but it does mention his son Joseph and a son Augustine Talman. Also grand children, children of his son Augustine Talman, namely:

Sarah Talman, Elizabeth Talman and Margaret Talman. He also mentions his grandson Thomas Talman.

It would appear from the will of Anthony Woodward, his daughter Valariah Woodward may have married the above mentioned Joseph Talman, son of Joseph Talman.

The will of Anthony Woodward establishes the fact he raised 7 children and did not become a resident of Canada after the close of the Revolutionary War.

Anthony[4] Woodward, son of Anthony[3] Woodward. The Holy Bible, containing the Old and New Testament, printed by John Adams for Mathew Carey, No 122 Market Street, Phila. July 25, 1804, is now in the possession of Mrs. George H.S.(Lilian Durell) Snyder, of 511 Cooper Street, Woodbury, New Jersey. On the inside front cover of this old Holy Bible appears "Anthony Woodward's Book."

In this Bible there are many Woodward names showing dates of births, marriage and deaths in the 3rd, 4th and 5th generations of the Woodward family. The grandmother of Lilian (Durell) Snyder, was Hannah (Woodward) Durell, a daughter of Anthony[4] and Caroline (Van Hise) Woodward.

This Bible shows "Anthony Woodward, who was a son of Anthony[2] "Deceased 1 mo 20-1810" p.680) Note: The will of Anthony Woodward is dated September 9, 1809 and his will was proved February 14, 1810. (N.J.A.Wills 1810-1813 p. 432) This Anthony Woodward was the father of Anthony[4] Woodward.

Anthony[4] Woodward

The above mentioned Bible shows:-

Anthony Woodward was born 10 mo 13, 1760 (p.678)

Anthony Woodward deceased 5 mo 9, 1840 age 80 years (p.679)

Kezia ( ) Woodward, his wife born 3 mo 12, 1761 (p.678)

Kezia ( ) Woodward, deceased 2 mo 3, 1822 (p.679)

Anthony Woodward and Kezia ( ) were married 5th mo. 8th 1783 (p. 677)

James Woodward was born 5 mo 3rd 1785 (p.678)

James and Lydia ( ) married 4 mo 10, 1806 (p.677)

Lydia ( ) wife of James Woodward born 6 mo 10th 1787 (p.678)

Note: Anthony Woodward was a widower as of 2 mo 3, 1822.

This Bible record shows:

Anthony Woodward and Caroline married 8-23-1825 (p.677)

Alfred Woodward born 3 mo 11th day 1807 (p.678)

Maria M. Woodward born 1 mo 11th day 1811 (p.678)

In view of the fact Kezia Woodward, the first wife of Anthony[4] Woodward, died in 1822 at age of 61- if the two children shown above, namely Alfred Woodward and Maria M. Woodward, were her children, she was 46 and 50 years old when these two children were born. And while they could have been her 2 children this writer feels they were two children of James[5] and Lydia Woodward, who were married 4 mo. 10, 1806.

The children of Anthony[4] and Caroline Woodward (second wife) as shown by the Bible record of Anhtony Woodward were:-

Kezia Woodward born 13th of 9 mo 1826 (p. 678)

Kezia died July 2, 1890 (p.679) Note age 64

Elizabeth Woodward born 2 mo 27, 1828 (p.678)

Elizabeth Woodward date of death not shown in the Bible

Hannah Ann Woodward born 12 mo 12, 1829 (p. 678)

Hannah (Woodward) died Mar. 13, 1874 (p.679) aged about 45

Anthony[5] Woodward born 10 mo 23, 1832 (p. 678)

Anthony Woodward died 11 mo 7, 1832 aged 10 weeks 6 days

William Davis Woodward born 2 mo 15, 1833 (p. 679)

William David Woodward died April 7, 1872 (p. 679) aged 39

Anthony[5] Woodward, born 3 mo 20, 1835 (p. 679)

Anthony Woodward died July 20, 1865 in the 31st year of his age (p.679)

Anthony[4] Woodward, born 10 mo 13th 1760 (bible record)

married Caroline Van Hise August 23, 1825 " "

(See Bible Record of Anthony[4] Woodward and Woodward manuscript of Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite (1922) Caroline Van Hise was born 12-11-1800 and died August 24, 1880.

The children of Anthony[4] Woodward, (son of Anthony Woodward) and Caroline (Van Hise) Woodward were, according to Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite's manuscript (1922) as follows:-

James Woodward, died prior to 1859. He was a son by the first wife Kezia. (Correction: See Bible record page 678)

Kezia Woodward, born 13th of 9 mo 1826

Hannah Ann Woodward born Dec. 12, 1829, married Edward H. Durell, April 2, 1856

William D. Woodward

Elizabeth Woodward married William Tunison

Anthony Woodward.

Reverend Edward Hicks Durell, a son of William Durell and Jemima (Brown) Durell, was born about 1830 at Florence, N.J. He died at Woodbury, N.J. February,--,1922. Buried at Trenton, N.J. He married Hannah Ann Woodward, born Dec. 12, 1829 and she died March 13, 1874. They were married April 2, 1856

Their children were:

Harry L. Durell, of Harriman, Tenn. born at Mauricetown, Cumberland County, N.J.

Anthony Woodward Durell born 1865

and several other sons and daughters.

Anthony Woodward Durell, son of Rev. Edward Hicks Durell (b. about 1830) and Hannah Ann (Woodward) Durell (b. 12-12-1829), was born in 1865 and died in 1926, aged 61 years. He married Olga Burchard, who was born in 1872 and died 1951 at age of 79 years.

Lilian Durell, a daughter of Anthony Woodward Durell and Olga (Burchard) Durell, was born October 2, 1908. She married George H.S.Snyder, January 11, 1936. Deborah Durell Snyder, daughter of George H.S.Snyder and Lilian (Durell) Snyder was born November 21st 1938. Anthony Woodward Snyder, son of George H.S.Snyder and Lilian (Durell) Snyder was born August 26, 1940.

Data from Anthony Woodward Durell down to Anthony Woodward Snyder, furnished this writer by Lilian Durell Snyder, of 311 Cooper Street, Woodbry, N.J.

GEORGE[3] WOODWARD

George Woodward and his wife Margaret(Mount) Woodward, rendered"Patriotic Service during the Revolutionary War, as written by Author Major Evan Morrison Woodward, (1876) in his book "Bordentown and Its Environs", pages 191 and 192, said book being in the historical Society of Pennsylvania, 13th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia, Penna. also his book "History of Burlington County (1883)

The question may be raised as to where Major E.M. Woodward acquired the facts he wrote on pages 191 and 192 in his book or story "Bordentown and Its Environs", regarding Margaret (Mount) Woodward, wife of George[3] Woodward, a son of Anthony[2] Woodward, (Note following pages)

Before quoting what Major Woodward wrote concerning Margaret (Mount) Woodward, wife of George Woodward, I

feel I should point out George Woodward and Margaret (Mount) Woodward were the grand-parents of Major E.M. Woodward. George[3] Woodward died Dec. 25, 1817 and Margaret (Mount) Woodward died May 4th, 1830.

James Surles[4] Woodward, son of George and Margaret (Mount) Woodward was born Nov. 15, 1790 and died October 2, 1862. He was the father of Major E.M. Woodward, the author in question.

Major E.M. Woodward was born either in 1828 or 1831 in Philadelphia. He died August 18, 1904 and his death certificate shows his age as 76, indicating he was born in 1828. However a government record concerning his Civil War Military service shows he was born in Phil-adelphia, Pa. in 1831. With his grandfather George[3] Woodward, deceased in 1817 and his grand-mother, Margaret (Mount) Woodward deceased as of 1830, it is clear Major E.M.Woodward did not get the facts concerning his grand-mother, Margaret (Mount) Woodward, from either of his grand parents.

However, the father of Major Evan Morrison Woodward James[4] Surles Woodward, was born 11-15-1790, and he was 27 years old when his father George Woodward died and he was 40 years old when his mother, Margaret (Mount) Woodward died. Therefore, the facts as written by Major Evan Morrison Woodward concerning Revolutionary Service

of his grand-mother, were undoubtedly obtained by James[4] Surles Woodward directly from his mother Margaret Mount Woodward and then passed from James[4] Surles Woodward to his son Major Evan Morrison Woodward. One cannot get much closer to local Revolutionary service than this and I therefore think what Major Evan Morrison Woodward wrote in 1876 concerning his grand-mother, Margaret (Mount) Woodward should be accepted as true and accurate Revolutionary Service. Major Evan Morrison Woodward was the author of "The History of Burlington County" published in 1883, and he can certainly be considered a man who knew a great deal about historical facts in and about Burlington County and part, if not all of Monmouth County. He resid d between Ellisdale and Arneytown on the Monmouth County side of the Monmouth-Burlington County line.

I now quote what Major E.M.Woodward wrote in his book "Bordentown and Its Environs" on pages 191-192 concerning George[3] Woodward and his wife Margaret (Mount) Woodward, which covers Revolutionary Service rendered by Margaret (Mount) Woodward, the grand-mother of Author Major E.M. Woodward.

"George Woodward, another son of the second Anthony was born in 1744, and died December 25, 1817, aged 73 years. He married Margaret Mount, in 1777. (correction) (N.J.Arch. of Marriages 1665-1800 p.442 shows George Woodward, Burlington and Margaret Mount, Monmouth were married August 21, 1780. In the same book page 284

appears-Margaret Mount, Monmouth and George Woodward, Burlington, were married August 21, 1780. E.M.W.)

"She was born near Middletown, Monmouth County, in 1756, and died at White Hill, on the Delaware, May 4th 1830, aged 74. Of this marriage we find the following minutes in the C.M.R.; 4 mo 5th 1781 "The freinds appointed report they informed George Woodward of the charges against him, he having married contrary to Discipline to a woman not in membership with us, the said friends informed he was married by a Priest, therefore this meeting disowns him the said George Woodward from being a member of our religious society until he comes to a sense of his Errors and condemns the same as discipline directs." (The initials above C.M.R. refer to Chesterfield Meeting Records.)

"Margaret Mount was of a Patriotic family, not less than fifteen of her relatives serving in the Revolutionary army. Her brother Colonel Timothy Mount, was one of Washington's most trusted confidential agents, he receiving from him a letter stating he had "rendered most important service in the cause", in recognition of which congress grandted him a large tract of land in Ohio. It is traditional of him he formed a daring plot to seize General Arnold in New York and carry him into our lines. For this purpose he entered the City in disguise, and obtained the position of bar-tender,

at a tavern frequented by the General and other British officers. Two nights were fixed upon to carry the scheme into execution, his confederates, shoremen from Monmouth County, coming over in a large swift barge to assist and convey the prisoner across the bay. A dinner party upon one occasion and a sever storm upon another, frustrated their designs."

"The country around Middletown, and Shrewsbury was filled with partisans, both Tory and Whig, active and bitter in their hostilities. The patriots were continually receiving information of the British, and suspicion was created that Margaret Mount was one of the channels through which it was conveyed. One night a party of horsemen came to her father's house, searched her bed and discovered a letter she was to deliver the next morning. She and the young lady friend who had brought the letter were taken prisoners and carried off. The next night they escaped from the house they were confined in, and concealing themselves in a corn field, eluded the pursuit of the cavalry. Margaret fearing to return home was concealed in the houses of her friends until the enemy left the neighborhood. It was during this period she met her future husband."

From the marriage record quoted her future husband turned out to be George Woodward, son of Anthony? Woodward.

George Woodward, husband of Margaret (Mount) Woodward, Born 1744 died 12-25-1817 at age of 73 years.

The Civil Service of George Woodward 1776-to-1811.
See "History of Burlington County." by Author Major Evan Morri on Woodward (1883) page 282-Civil List of Chesterfield Township.

"George Woodward, overseer roads, overseer poor, '75; overseer roads '85; Freeholder, '86, '87; town Com. '89; Sur. High. '89; Freeholder, '90; Town C m.'90; Freeholder '91; Com. Appeal, '91; Town Com. '91; Freeholder '92; Com. Appeal, '92; Tpwn Com. '92; Freeholder,'93; Com. Appeal,'93; Town Com. '93; Freeholder, '94 to 1811.

February 1, 1958

Evan M. Woodward
5 South Linclon Avenue
Wenonah, New Jersey

I N D E X

A.

ABERCROMBIE
Rev. 9

ADAMS
John 34

ALLEN
Margaret 12
Miriam 12
Ralph 12

ARNEY
Joseph 29

ARNOLD
General 41

B.

BEDLE
Mrs. Joseph D. 25

BORDEN
Jonathan 29

BURCHARD
Olga 37

C.

CAREY
Mathew 34

CHAPMAN
John 7

CHESHIRE
Mary 181-19

CORNWALLIS
16-17-21

COWPERTHWAITE
Ann Potter 32
John 32
Mary 32

D.

De la MONTAIGNE
Rebecca Ann 9

DURELL
Anthony 10
Anthony W. 37-38
Edward Hicks (Rev) 10-37
Hannah Ann Woodward 10-34
Harry L. 37
Jemima (Brown) 37
Lilian 38
Olga (Burchard) 38
William 37

E.

ELLIS
Daniel 23
Ezra 6-28
Rowland 23

H.

HAMILTON
Alexander 24

HANDLINE
James 7

HARRISON
Thomas 27

HOLMES
Jas. 28
John 6-28
Joseph 29

HORNER
William S. 5-14-18-19-
20-21-24-26-31

HOWARD
Edward W. 19

I.

IMLAY
Peter 4
Samuel 29

IVINS
Anthony 4-6-33
Charles 4-6-33
George 4-6-33
Israel 4-6-30-33
James 4-6-33
Margaret 4-
Moses 6-4-33
R Robert 4-6-7-33
Samuel 4-6-33

J.

JONES
E. Alfred 13

K.

KIRBY
Caleb 7

KNOX
Henry Edward 14

L.

LAWRENCE
James 27-28
John P. 7

LAWRIE
Mary 5

LEE
Henry 24-25
Light Horse Harry 24-25-26
Major 22-23-26
Richard Henry 24-25
Robert E. 24

LLOYD
John 28

M.

MOREAU
Bros. 14

MOUNT
Col. Timothy 41
Margaret 40-41-42-9

O.

OGBURN
Caleb 16
OGILVIE
Mary 15

P.

PAUW
Michael 26

PENN
William 17

POTTER
Constant (Woodward) 33
Oliver1-32
Samuel 4-6-7

POTTS
Rich^{d} 30

R.

ROBBINS
Richard 14

ROBINS
Richard 29

W.

WAHNER
Mary Wendell 25

WALKER
Hannah 5

WASHINGTON
General 16-24-36-41

WEST
Uriah 3

WILLIAMS
Anne 4-32
Anthony 6
Bathsheba (Woodmansee) 33
Constance 1-11-14
Constant 1-4-6
Deborah 19-20
Edmund 32
George 1
Israel 1-33
Phebe 1

WOODWARD
Albert M. 9
Alfred 35
Anthony 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 8-9-11-13-14-15-16-17 19-20-21-22-23-26-27 28-29-30-31-32-33-34- 35-36-37-38-40-42
Benjamin 4-6-8-27-28-32
Constant 1-4-8-32
Caroline 31-35-37
Deborah 1-4-6-12-28-29-30
Eliza 4-6
Elizabeth 36-37
Major Evan Morrison 9-18 19-20-38-39-40-43
Evan Morrison (front) 9-43
Hannah Ann 36-37
Isaac 1819
Israel 4-7-29-30
James 35-37
James S. 8-9
James Surles 39-40
George 1-3-4-5-7-8-9-14- 19-20-27-28-32-38-39 40-41-42-43

W. continued

WOODWARD
Jesse 8-15-17-18-19-20-21
John 15-18-19
Joseph 30
Kezia 37
Kezia ( ) 27-29-31-35-36
Lydia 8
Lydia ( ) 35
Lydia Ann 4-6
Margaret 4-5-8-30-33
Margaret (Mount) 38-39-40-42
Maria 35
Martha 8
Mary 32
Nimrod 1-4-6-7-8-31-32
Rebecca 8
Reginald H. 9
Samuel 14
Sydney 28
Thomas 29
Thomas Lewis 3
Valariah 4-8-33-34
Virginia 9
William 15-17-18-20-21
William David 36-37

WOOLEY
Hannah 4-6

WRIGHT
Nathan 16

3013 1